## COURSE STRUCTURE & SCHEME OF EXAMINATION ACCORDING TO SEMESTER SYSTEM

of

# **B.A. TOURISM AND TRAVEL MANAGEMENT** (VOCATIONAL) W.E.F. 2011-12

## COURSE STRUCTURE OF B.A. IN TOURISM & TRAVEL MANAGEMENT (VOCATIONAL)

## SEMESTER – I

		Mark	Marks	
Paper No.	Paper title	Internal	External	
Ι	Tourism Business	20	80	
II	International Tourism	20	80	
	TOTAL MARKS		200	

## SEMESTER – II

		Mar	Marks	
Paper No.	Paper title	Internal	External	
III	Tourism Product of India (Natural)	20	80	
IV	Tourism Product of India (Cultural)	20	80	
TOTAL MARKS			200	

## FIELD TRIP

#### **SEMESTER – III**

		Marks	
Paper No.	Paper title	Internal	External
V	Geography of Tourism	20	80
VI	Major Destination of India	20	50
FIELD – TRIP REPORT & VIVA-VOCE		30	
TOTAL MARKS		200	

#### **SEMESTER – IV**

		Mark	Marks	
Paper No.	Paper title	Internal	External	
VII	Transport Management	20	80	
VIII	Impacts of Tourism	20	80	
TOTAL MARKS 200			200	

## **ON – THE- JOB – TRAINING**

## SEMESTER – V

		Marks	
Paper No.	Paper title	Internal	External
IX	Travel Agency and Tour Operation Business	20	80
Х	Communication Skills and Personality Development	20	50
On – the – job training Report & Viva – Voce 30			
	TOTAL MARKS 200		

## Semester – VI

		Marl	Marks	
Paper No.	Paper title	Internal	External	
XI	Haryana Tourism	20	80	
XII	Environment and Tourism	20	80	
TOTAL MARKS		200		

## FIRST SEMESTER

## Paper-I (B.A. Vocational) Tourism & Travel TOURISM BUSINESS

#### Internal Marks 20 External Marks 80 Duration: 3 hours

#### **Objectives:**

The primary purpose of the paper is to acquaint the students about the basic and preliminary knowledge of the terms, concepts, systems and trends in tourism. It will form the first step to move forward to interact with the advanced knowledge pertaining to tourism.

#### Mode of Paper Setting:

The examiner shall set ten questions selecting two questions from each unit. The student shall be required to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit. **UNIT – I: Understanding Tourism** 

- Meaning and Nature of Tourism
- •The historical Perspective of Tourism
- The economic, social and cultural significance of tourism

#### UNIT - II: Main Concepts and Terminology in Tourism

- Tourism, tourist, Excursionist, Tourism Market
- Tourism Resources, Tourism Product, Destination
- Recreation, Pleasure, Relaxation

#### UNIT – III: Trends in Tourism

• Trends and Patterns in International Tourism

- Factors responsible for growth and development of international tourism
- Motivations in tourism

## **UNIT – IV: Facilitators of Tourism**

- •Transportation: Types and Relevance in Tourism
- Accommodation: Types and Relevance in Tourism

## UNIT – V: Studying Tourism

- Tourism Education and its Significance for Tourism Business Growth
- Professionalism Key to Tourism Growth

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- Peters, M., International Tourism, Hutchinson, London

## Paper-II(B.A. Vocational)Tourism & Travel

#### **INTERNATIONAL TOURISM**

#### Internal Marks 20 External Marks 80 duration: 3 hours

#### **Objectives:**

The paper provides a comprehensive view of the tourism trends and patterns at the international level. The trends are to be studied through volume of tourists' arrivals in different regions and their contribution in tourism earnings. The knowledge of the forces and factors responsible for tourism growth is other area of discussion in the paper. Since tourism growth is not uniform in all the regions, the issues like tourism gap or disparities form another key area of knowledge for the students. The paper is primarily based on the statistics available at various websites.

#### Mode of paper setting:

The examiner shall set ten questions selecting two questions from each unit. The candidates shall attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit.

**Teaching Practices**: Class room lectures, Assignments, Cases, Discussions and Seminars **Course contents** 

#### Unit – I

Types of International tourism – inbound and outbound tourism

Factors responsible for the growth of inbound and outbound tourism

#### Unit – II

Trends (in terms of tourist arrivals and tourism receipts) in inbound tourism at the global

level

Trends in outbound tourism at global level

#### Unit – III

Inbound and outbound tourism trends in Europe, Americas, and Africa regions.

Unit – IV

Inbound and outbound tourism trends in East-Asia Pacific; Middle – East; South Asia regions.

Unit – V

Concept of tourism Gap

Factors responsible for tourism gap

Problems and challenges before international tourism like climate change, terrorism and ethical issues.

## References

Goeldner, C.R. & Brent Ritchie, 2006 (Wiley Student Edition) J.R. *Tourism: Principle, Practices and Philosophy.* Poon, Auliana.2002. **Tourism, Technology and Competitive Strategies.** Cabi International <u>www.unwto.org.in</u> <u>www.wttc.nic.in</u> Lonely Planet Guides

Travel Information Manuals, Cross Section Publications.

#### SECOND SEMETER

#### Paper-III (B.A. Vocational) Tourism & Travel

#### TOURISM PRODUCTS OF INDIA (NATURAL) Internal Marks 20 External Marks 80 duration: 3 hours

#### **Objectives:**

Tourism begins with the motivation to visit attractions at destinations. The attractions may be natural or man made (cultural). The natural attraction such as mountains, hills, forests with wild animals, coastal areas and islands are attracting all. India is seventh largest country with rich diversity of natural tourist resources. It is very necessary for the students of tourism to know about these tourist products. This course will help the students to give an insight about the rich natural tourist products of India.

- Unit-I India: General introduction, states & capitals, physiographic units, seasons and climatic regions & their impacts on tourism. Natural vegetation & wild animals of India & wild life tourism, India: a destination for all reasons & seasons.
- Unit-II The Northern Mountains: General introduction of the Himalayas & other ranges, their importance for religious, hill station & adventure tourism. A case study of Sri Nagar, Shimla, Nainital, Darjeeling & Gangtok.
- Unit-III The Central Plains: General introduction of deserts & central plains. Their importance for cultural, religious & adventure tourism. A case study of Amritsar, Jaipur, Delhi, Lucknow, Kolkata.
- Unit-IV The Peninsula: General features of Indian peninsula with their tourism significance. A case study of Bhopal, Khajuraho, Hyderabad, Banglore, Ooty

Unit-V The coastal plains and islands: General features of coastal regions, their importance for religious, cultural & beach tourism. A case study of Mumbai, Goa, Cochin, Chennai, Andaman & Nicobar.

#### **REFERENCES:**

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- National Atlas of India, Govt. of India Publication, Calcutta 1997.
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- Manorama Year Book 2009
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- Tourism Planner
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- Lonely Planet India
- Kumar, Ravi Bhushan: Coastal Tourism & Environment, AOH Publishing Corporation, New Delhi
- Pilgrimage in India, R.N.Pillai
- Kohli, M.S.: Mountaineering in India, Vikas Publishing House, and New Delhi.

## Paper-IV (B.A. Vocational) Tourism & Travel

#### TOURISM PRODUCT OF INDIA (CULTURAL) Internal Marks 20 External Marks 80 duration: 3 hours

#### **Objective:**

Since there exist a strong relationship between tourism and culture and more so in case of India, it becomes essential for the student of tourism to have first hand information of Indian culture and to understand its significance for tourism. The paper gives a basic understanding of the concept of culture and that too in the Indian context.

**Mode of Paper Setting:** The examiner shall set ten questions selecting two questions from each unit. The student shall be required to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit.

#### **Unit – I: Introduction to Culture**

- Culture: Concept and its essential Features
- Indian Culture: Fundamentals of Indian Culture; Indian culture through the ages
- Culture and tourism relationship with special reference to India

#### Unit – II: Indian Architecture – I

- •Buddhist Architecture: Ajanta, Ellora and Sanchi
- •Hindu Architecture: Khajuraho temples, Sun temple of Konark, Shore temple of Mamallpuram and Brihadisvara temple at Thanjavur

## Unit – III: Indian Architecture – II

- Medieval Architecture: Taj Mahal, Red Fort of Delhi, Fatehpur Sikri and Qutub Minar
- Modern Architecture: Gate Way of India, Bom Jesus Church in Old Goa, Bahai's Lotus temple in Delhi

## Unit – IV: Dances and Music of India

- Classical Dances of India
- Classical Music of India

## Unit – V Major Fairs and festivals of India and their significance for tourism

Holi, Dussehra, Diwali, Baisakhi, Pongal, Bihu, Desert festival – Jaisalmer, Surajkund Craft fair, International Trade Fair - New Delhi,

## - **REFERENCES:**

- Gupta, S.P.et.al 2002, Cultural Toursim in India, D.K. Printworld, New Delhi
- Upadhyaya, B.S. 1989, (reprint), Feeders of Indian Culture People, Publishing House.
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- Pande, G.C. 1990 (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.) Foundations of Indian Culture, 2 vols. Moti Lal Banarasi Das Publishers, Delhi
- Radhakrishnan, S. 1999 (Oxford India Paperbacks), Indian Philosophy, 2 vols. Oxford university press, New Delhi
- Hay, Stephen (Ed.) 1992, Sources of Indian Tradition, 2 vols, Penguin Books, Delhi
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- Aspects of Indian Music, 2006, Publication Division GOI, New Delhi.