B.A. (General) Part – II (Philosophy) Semester: Third & Fourth Old Scheme, Syllabus and Courses of Reading

(Effective from the Academic Session: 2011-2012)

B.A.General (Philosophy) Part-II from the Academic Session 2011-2012 shall be divided into Two Semesters i.e. 3rd & 4th. The duration of the Third Semester shall be from July to December, and the duration of Fourth Semester shall be from January to May. In the Third Semester there shall be Two Optional papers. Each paper will carry 100 marks including internal assessment. In the Fourth Semester there shall be another two optional papers. Each paper will carry 100 marks including internal assessment. Total marks for the B.A.General (Philosophy) Part-II for Third Semester and Fourth Semester shall be 200 (marks).

Old Scheme of Examination for B.A. (General) Part – II (Philosophy) for Third Semester

_	nenclature of the Paper Year of Examination	Max. Marks
Paper-III: Option (i) 03 Hours	Logic (Indian & Western) - I December, 2011	100
	•	(Theory=90, Internal Asst.=10)
Option (ii) Logic & Scientific Method - I		100
03 Hours	December, 2011	
	(Indian & Western)	(Theory=90, Internal Asst.=10)

Old Scheme of Examination for B.A. (General) Part – II (Philosophy) for Fourth Semester

Paper No. Time	Nomenclature of the Paper Month & Year of Examination	Max. Marks
Paper-IV: 03 Hours	Option (i) Logic (Indian & Western) - II May, 2012	100
: 03 Hours	Option (ii) Logic & Scientific Method - II May, 2012	(Theory=90, Internal Asst.=10) 100
05 110015	(Indian & Western)	(Theory=90, Internal Asst.=10)

B.A.(General) Part – III (Philosophy) Semester: Fifth & Sixth

Old Scheme, Syllabus and Courses of Reading

(Effective from the Academic Session: 2012-2013)

B.A.General (Philosophy) Part-III from the Academic Session 2012-2013 shall be divided into Two Semesters i.e. 5th & 6th.The duration of the Fifth Semester shall be from July to December, and the duration of Sixth Semester shall be from January to May. In the Fifth Semester there shall be Two Optional papers. Each paper will carry 100 marks including internal assessment. In the Sixth Semester there shall be another two optional papers. Each paper will carry 100 marks including internal assessment. Total marks for the B.A.General (Philosophy) Part-III for Fifth Semester and Sixth Semester shall be 200 (marks).

Old Scheme of Examination for B.A.(General) Part – III (Philosophy) for Fifth Semester

Paper No. of Examination	Nomenclature of the Paper	Max	. Mark	s Time	Month & Year
	ion (i) Ethics & Social Philosoph	y - I	100	03 Hours	3
Optio	(Indian & Western) on (ii) Ethics & Political Philosopinber, 2012	hy - I	100	(Theory=90, Inter 03 Hou	/
Becch	(Indian & Western)			(Theory=90, Intern	nal Asst.=10)

Old Scheme of Examination for B.A.(General) Part - III (Philosophy) for Sixth Semester

Paper N Year of	o. Nome Examination	enclature of the Paper	Max.	Marks	Time	Month &
Paper-V	I: Option (i) I	Ethics & Social Philosophy - II	100		03 Hours	May,
	Option (ii)	(Indian & Western) Ethics & Political Philosophy - II	100		90, Internal A	Asst.=10) May,
2013		(Indian & Western)		(Theory=	90, Internal A	Asst.=10)

Year of Examination: December 2011

B.A. II (General) Philosophy: Third Semester

Maximum Marks =100 Theory-90 Internal Assessment -10

Time: 3 Hours

Either of the following two options:
Paper No. III
Option I: Logic (Indian & Western)-I
Option II: Logic and Scientific Method-I
(Indian & Western)

Syllabus and Course of Reading

Paper III: (Option-I) Logic (Indian and Western) - I

Instructions: The paper setter is requested to set Nine questions in all i.e., One Compulsory Objective Type Question without any choice, equitably distributed over the whole syllabi and Two Questions from Each Unit spread over all the concerned unit will also be set. Examinees will have to attempt Five questions in all, selecting one question from each unit. Objective Type Question is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.

- Unit 1: Definition, Nature and Scope of Logic. Fundamental laws of thought (Law of identity, Law of Contradiction, Law of Excluded Middle and Law of Sufficient Reason)
- Unit 2: Nature of Categorical Proposition; Traditional Classification of Proposition; Square of opposition, Syllogism: Nature of categorical syllogism, Rules of Syllogism and its fallacies.
- Unit 3: Induction: Definition and Characteristics of Induction; Types of Induction (simple enumeration, scientific induction and analogy) Difference between deduction and induction.
- Unit 4: Define Inference in Nyaya Philosophy; Types of Inference in Nyaya Philosophy; Fallacies of inference; Constituents of Inference.

Suggested Readings:

S.S. Barlingay: A Modern Introduction to Indian Logic

B.K. Matilal: Logic, Language and Reality.
F. Stcherbatskhy: Buddhist Logic, Vols. I & II.
S. Chatterjee: Nyaya Theory of Knowledge
I.M. Copi: Introduction to Logic (Sixth edition)
Susan Stebbing: A Modern Introduction to Logic
Richard Jeffrey: Formal Logic: Its scope and limits.

S.N. Gupta: Logic

B.L. Sharma: Tarkshastra Praveshika

Year of examination: December 2011

B.A. II (General) Philosophy: Third Semester

Maximum Marks =100 Theory-90 Internal Assessment -10

Time: 3 Hours

Syllabus and Course of Reading

Paper III: (Option-II) Logic and Scientific Method (Indian and Western) – I

Instructions: The paper setter is requested to set Nine questions in all i.e., One Compulsory Objective Type Question without any choice, equitably distributed over the whole syllabi and Two Questions from Each Unit spread over all the concerned unit will also be set. Examinees will have to attempt Five questions in all, selecting one question from each unit. Objective Type Question is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.

Unit 1: Introduction to Logic: Definition & Scope of Logic and Importance of Logic. Fundamental laws of thought: Law of identity; Law of Contradiction; Law of Excluded Middle and Law of Sufficient Reason.

Unit 2: Proposition: Nature of Categorical Proposition; Aristotle's Classification of Proposition; Square of opposition, Syllogism: Nature, structure and types of syllogism, Rules of Syllogism and its fallacies.

Unit 3: Scientific Method: Observation: Definition of observation; type of observation; personal observation, testimony. Experiment: experiment and simple observation; Advantage of experiment over simple observation, advantage of observation over experiment; Regulative principles of observations and experiment.

Unit 4: Nature & Definition of Logic from Indian point of view. Inference in Nyaya Darshan; Kinds of Inference in Nyaya Darshan; Hetvabhasa & Panchavayava in Nyaya

Suggested Readings:

S.S. Barlingay: A Modern Introduction to Indian Logic

B.K. Matilal: Logic, Language and Reality.
F. Stcherbatskhy: Buddhist Logic, Vols. I & II.
S. Chatterjee: Nyaya Theory of Knowledge
I.M. Copi: Introduction to Logic (Sixth edition)
Susan Stebbing: A Modern Introduction to Logic
Richard Jeffrey: Formal Logic: Its scope and limits.

S.N. Gupta: Logic

B.L. Sharma: Tarkshastra Prayesh

Year of Examination: May 2012

B.A. II (General) Philosophy: Fourth Semester

Maximum Marks =100 Theory-90 Internal Assessment -10

Time: 3 Hours

Either of the following two options: Paper No. IV Option I: Logic (Indian & Western)-

Option I: Logic (Indian & Western)-II Option II: Logic and Scientific Method-II (Indian & Western)

Syllabus and Course of Reading

Paper IV: (Option-I) Logic (Indian and Western)-II

Instructions: The paper setter is requested to set Nine questions in all i.e., One Compulsory Objective Type Question without any choice, equitably distributed over the whole syllabi and Two Questions from Each Unit spread over all the concerned unit will also be set. Examinees will have to attempt Five questions in all, selecting one question from each unit. Objective Type Question is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.

- Unit 1: Nature of Vyapti in Nyaya; inductive elements in Nyaya Darsana: Procedure of Establishing Vyapati; Anvaya, Vyatireka, Vyabhicharagraha, Upadinirasa, Tarka and Samanayalaksana. Jaina's theory of Nayavada.
- Unit 2: Hypothesis: Nature and Conditions of Scientific Hypothesis, Types of Hypothesis, Verification of Hypothesis. Proofs of Hypothesis and Development of Hypothesis, Importance of Hypothesis in Science.
- Unit 3: Explanation: Definition of Explanation; level of explanation (Popular and Scientific Explanation); Nature and kinds of scientific explanation; Limits of scientific explanation.
- Unit 4: Language: Function of language and Defects of Language (Vagueness & Ambiguity) Truth Function:
 Negation, Conjunction, Disjunction; Implication; Equivalence. Testing of validity and
 invalidity of the argument by the method of Truth -Table.
 Statement Forms: Tautology, Contradiction and Contingent; Determination of the statement forms by the
 method of Truth -Table.

Suggested Readings:

S.S. Barlingay: A Modern Introduction to Indian Logic

B.K. Matilal: Logic, Language and Reality.

F. Stcherbatskhy: Buddhist Logic, Vols. I & II.

S. Chatterjee: Nyaya Theory of Knowledge

I.M. Copi: Introduction to Logic (Sixth edition)
Susan Stebbing: A Modern Introduction to Logic
Richard Jeffrey: Formal Logic: Its scope and limits.

S.N. Gupta: Logic

B.L. Sharma: Tarkshastra Praveshika

Year of Examination: May 2012

B.A. II (General) Philosophy: Fourth Semester

Maximum Marks =100 Theory-90 Internal Assessment -10

Time: 3 Hours

Syllabus and Course of Reading

Paper IV: (Option-II) Logic and Scientific Method (Indian and Western) - II

Instructions: The paper setter is requested to set Nine questions in all i.e., One Compulsory Objective Type Question without any choice, equitably distributed over the whole syllabi and Two Questions from Each Unit spread over all the concerned unit will also be set. Examinees will have to attempt Five questions in all, selecting one question from each unit. Objective Type Question is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.

- Unit 1: Nature, Scope & Utility of Logic with special reference to Indian Logic; Inductive elements in Nyaya Darsana: Procedure of Establishing Vyapati; Anvaya, Vyatireka, Vyabhicharagraha, Upadinirasa, Tarka and Samanayalaksana. Jaina Doctrine of Syadyada.
- Unit 2: Inductive Method: Mill's Method: Method of agreement, Method of difference, Joint method of agreement and difference, method of concomitant variation; method of residues.
- Unit 3: Hypothesis: Nature and Definition of Hypothesis, Types of Hypothesis, Verification of Hypothesis Proofs of Hypothesis and Development of Hypothesis, Importance of Hypothesis in Science.
- Unit 4: Truth Function: Negation, Conjunction, Disjunction; Implication; Equivalence. Testing of validity and invalidity of the argument by the method of Truth -Table.

 Statement Forms: Tautology, Contradiction and Contingent; Determination of the statement forms by the method of Truth- Table. Terms, Nature of Terms, Cannotation and Denotation of Terms.

Suggested Readings:

S.S. Barlingay: A Modern Introduction to Indian Logic

B.K. Matilal: Logic, Language and Reality.
F. Stcherbatskhy: Buddhist Logic, Vols. I & II.
S. Chatterjee: Nyaya Theory of Knowledge
I.M. Copi: Introduction to Logic (Sixth edition)
Susan Stebbing: A Modern Introduction to Logic
Richard Jeffrey: Formal Logic: Its scope and limits.

S.N. Gupta: Logic

B.L. Sharma: Tarkshastra Praveshika

Year of Examination: December 2012

B.A. III (General) Philosophy: Fifth Semester

Maximum Marks =100 Theory-90

Internal Assessment -10

Time: 3 Hours

Either of the following two options:

Paper No. V

Option I: Ethics and Social Philosophy (Indian and Western)-I Option II: Ethics and Political Philosophy (Indian and Western)-I

Syllabus and Course of Reading

Paper V: (Option-I) Ethics and Social Philosophy (Indian and Western)-I

Instructions: The paper setter is requested to set Nine questions in all i.e., One Compulsory Objective Type Question without any choice, equitably distributed over the whole syllabi and Two Questions from Each Unit spread over all the concerned unit will also be set. Examinees will have to attempt Five questions in all, selecting one question from each unit. Objective Type Question is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.

- Unit I: Nature and Scope of Ethics, Methods of Ethics: Relation between Ethics and Religion, Ethics and Sociology.
- Unit 2: Theory of Karma in Indian Philosophy; Dharma and its definition & classification sadharan dharma and varanasharam dharma (Four Varana, Four Ashrama); Nishkama Karma of Gita.
- Unit 3: Virtue: Plato-Theory of Virtue. Aristotle- Theory of Virtue.

 Utilitarianism: J. Bentham- Quantitative Theory; J.S. Mill-Qualitative Theory.
- Unit 4: Nature of Society: Definition and characteristics of society. Theories regarding the nature of society: Individualistic theory, Idealistic theory and Organic theory of society.

Suggested Readings:

I.C. Sharma: Ethical Philosophies of India S.K. Maitra: The Ethics of the Hindus

M. Hiriyana: The Indian Conception of Values

J.S. Mill: Utilitarianism

Plato: Parmenides and Protagoras Aristotle: Nichomachean Ethics

Bernard Williams: Morality: An Introduction to Ethics

B.N. Singh: Ethics

S.N. Gupta: Ethics & Social Philosophy.

Mackenzie J.S.: An Outline of Social Philosophy Pandey S.L.: Samaj Darshan ki Ek Pranali Hari Singh: Samaj Darshan ki Rooprekha.

Year of Examination: December 2012

B.A. III (General) Philosophy: Fifth Semester

Maximum Marks =100 Theory-90 Internal Assessment -10

Time: 3 Hours

Syllabus and Course of Reading

Paper V: (Option-II) Ethics and Political Philosophy (Indian and Western)-I

Instructions: The paper setter is requested to set Nine questions in all i.e., One Compulsory Objective Type Question without any choice, equitably distributed over the whole syllabi and Two Questions from Each Unit spread over all the concerned unit will also be set. Examinees will have to attempt Five questions in all, selecting one question from each unit. Objective Type Question is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.

- Unit I: Doctrine of Purusartha. Buddhist Ethics: Eight- Fold- Path. Jaina Ethics: Tri Ratna. Concept of Rta, Rna, & Yajna.
- Unit 2: Kant: Theory of Categorical Imperative. Bradley: My Station and its duties. Nature and object of Moral Judgement. Concept of duty in Gita (Svadharma).
- Unit 3: Theories of Punishment: Deterrent Theory, Preventive Theory and Reformative theory. Meaning and criteria of moral progress.
- Unit 4: Political Ideologies: Democracy: Definition and Characteristics of Democracy, Merits and Demerits of Democracy. Karl Marx: Historical Materialism.

Suggested Readings:

I.C. Sharma: Ethical Philosophies of India S.K. Maitra: The Ethics of the Hindus

M. Hiriyana: The Indian Conception of Values

J.S. Mill: Utilitarianism

Plato: parrmenides and Protagoras Aristotle: Nichomachean Ethics

Bernard Williams: Morality: An Introduction to Ethics

B.N. Singh: Ethics

S.N. Gupta: Ethics & Social Philosophy. Mackenz J.S.: An outline of Social Philosophy Pandey S.L.: Samaj Darshan ki Ek Pranali Hari Singh: Samaj Darshan ki Rooprekha.

Year of Examination: May 2013

B.A. III (General) Philosophy: Sixth Semester

Maximum Marks =100 Theory-90

Internal Assessment -10

Time: 3 Hours

Either of the following two options:

Paper NO. VI

Option I: Ethics and Social Philosophy (Indian and Western)-II Option II: Ethics and Political Philosophy (Indian and Western)-II

Syllabus and Course of Reading

Paper VI: (Option-I) Ethics and Social Philosophy (Indian and Western)-II

Instructions: The paper setter is requested to set Nine questions in all i.e., One Compulsory Objective Type Question without any choice, equitably distributed over the whole syllabi and Two Questions from Each Unit spread over all the concerned unit will also be set. Examinees will have to attempt Five questions in all, selecting one question from each unit. Objective Type Question is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.

Unit 1: Fundamental Ethical Concept. Relation between Ethics and Political Science; Concept of Dharma; Sadharana Dharma and Vishesha Dharma in Indian Ethics.

 $\label{thm:continuous} Unit\ 2: Meaning\ and\ Nature\ of\ Moral\ Judgement\ ,\ Object\ of\ Moral\ judgment\ .\ Kant:\ Theory\ of\ Categorical\ Imperative.$ Bradley: My Station and its Duties

Unit 3: Meaning and criteria of moral progress. Theories of Punishment: Deterrent Theory, Preventive Theory and Reformative theory.

Unit 4: Emergent trends of applied social thought: Corruption, War and Peace, Secularism, Environmental Pollution, Empowerment of Women.

Suggested Readings:

I.C. Sharma: Ethical Philosophies of India S.K. Maitra: The Ethics of the Hindus

M. Hiriyana: The Indian Conception of Values

J.S. Mill: Utilitarianism

Plato: Parmenides and Protagoras Aristotle: Nichomachean Ethics

Bernard Williams: Morality: An Introduction to Ethics

B.N. Singh: Ethics

S.N. Gupta: Ethics & Social Philosophy. Mackenz J.S.: An outline of Social Philosophy Pandey S.L.: Samaj Darshan ki Ek Pranali Hari Singh: Samaj Darshan ki Rooprekha.

DEPARTMENT OF PHILOSOPHY

KURUKSHETRA UNIVERSITY, KURUKSHETRA

Year of Examination: May 2013

B.A. III (General) Philosophy: Sixth Semester

Maximum Marks =100 Theory-90 Internal Assessment -10

Time: 3 Hours

Syllabus and Course of Reading

Paper VI: (Option-II) Ethics and Political Philosophy (Indian and Western)-II

Instructions: The paper setter is requested to set Nine questions in all i.e., One Compulsory Objective Type Question without any choice, equitably distributed over the whole syllabi and Two Questions from Each Unit spread over all the concerned unit will also be set. Examinees will have to attempt Five questions in all, selecting one question from each unit. Objective Type Question is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.

- Unit 1: Nature and scope of Ethics; Method of ethics; Relation between Ethics and Religion; Relation between Ethics and Sociology.
- Unit 2: Theory of Karma in Indian Philosophy; Dharma and its definition & classification sadharan dharma and varanasharam dharma (Four Varana, Four Ashrama); Nishkama Karma of Gita.
- Unit 3: Utilitarianism: J. Bentham- Quantitative Theory; J.S. Mill-Qualitative Theory. Virtue: Plato-Theory of Virtue. Aristotle- Theory of Virtue.
- Unit 4: Ahimsa and Satyagraha of Gandhiji: Rights and Duties: Definition of Rights; Fundamental Rights of Man.

Suggested Readings:

I.C. Sharma: Ethical Philosophies of India S.K. Maitra: The Ethics of the Hindus

M. Hiriyana: The Indian Conception of Values

J.S. Mill: Utilitarianism

Plato: Parmenides and Protagoras Aristotle: Nichomachean Ethics

Bernard Williams: Morality: An Introduction to Ethics

B.N. Singh: Ethics

S.N. Gupta: Ethics & Social Philosophy. Mackenz J.S.: An outline of Social Philosophy Pandey S.L.: Samaj Darshan ki Ek Pranali Hari Singh: Samaj Darshan ki Rooprekha.