B.A.II- 3rd Semester Methods in Social Research

Maximum Marks – 100 Theory – 90 Internal Assessment – 10 Time – 3 hours

Note: - The Paper setter shall set 8 questions from all four units with internal choice. However, one compulsory question of short answer type would be set from the entire syllabus comprising <u>eight sub-questions</u> of three marks each under 5th Unit, out of which <u>six sub-questions</u> are required to be attempted by the examinee in this unit. Such way, the examinees are required to attempt five questions in all, of 18 marks each.

UNIT – I

Social Research: Definition, Nature and purpose; Steps in Social Research; Problem of Objectivity and Subjectivity in Social Research

UNIT - II

Research Method: Research Designs; Social Survey; Hypothesis- Types & significance; Sampling and Sampling Procedure

UNIT - III

Techniques of Data Collection: Types of Data; Techniques- Observation, Interview, Questionnaire, Schedule and Case Study

UNIT - IV

Statistical Analysis and Use of Computer in Social Research: Classification and Tabulation of data; Measures of Central Tendency: Mean, Median and Mode; Use of Computers in Social Research.

Readings:

Ahuja, Ram (2001): **Research Methods,** New Delhi: Rawat Publication.

Goode, W.J. and P.K.Hatt (1952): **Methods in Social Research,** New York: McGraw International.

Seltiz, Claise et al; (1959): **Research Methods in Social Relation,** New York: Henry Holt and Co.

Srivastava, Prakash G.N. (1994): **Advances Research Methodology**, Delhi: Radha Publication.

Thakur, Devender (2003): **Research Methodology in Social Science**, Delhi: Deep and Deep Publication.

Young, P.V. (1988): Scientific Social Survey and Research, New Delhi Prentice Hall.

B.A.II - 4th Semester Indian Society (Optional-I)

Maximum Marks – 100 Theory – 90 Internal Assessment – 10 Time – 3 hours

Note: - The Paper setter shall set 8 questions from all four units with internal choice. However, one compulsory question of short answer type would be set from the entire syllabus comprising <u>eight sub-questions</u> of three marks each under 5th Unit, out of which <u>six sub-questions</u> are required to be attempted by the examinee in this unit. Such way, the examinees are required to attempt five questions in all, of 18 marks each.

UNIT – I

Evolution of Indian Society: Traditional bases of Indian Society; Unity and Diversity in India; India as a Pluralistic Society.

UNIT - II

Indian Social Institutions: Kinship, Family, Marriage; Caste and its Changing Dimensions.

UNIT - III

Processes of Social Change in India: Sanskritization, Westernization, Parochiatization and Universatization

UNIT - IV

Social Issues and Problems: Gender Discrimination, Secularism and Religious Minorities, Problems of Dalits Women and OBC and Affirmative Actions

Readings:

Ahuja, Ram (1997): Society in India: Concept, Theories and Recent Trends, Jaipur: Rawat Publication.

Beteille, Andre (1992): Backward Classes in Contemporary India, New Delhi: OUP.

Dube, S.C.(1991): **Indian Society**, New Delhi: National Book Trust.

Ghurye, G.S. (1968): Social Tension, Bombay: Popular Prakashan.

Karve, Iravati (1961): **Hindu Society: An Interpretation, Pune: Daccan College.**

Mandelbaum, D.G. (1970): **Society in India**, Bombay: Popular Prakashan.

Sharma K.L.(ed.) (1994): Caste and Class, Jaipur, Rawat Publication.

Srinivas, M.N.(1980): **India's: Social Structure,** New Delhi: Hindustan Publication.

Srinivas, M.N.(1985): Social Change in Modern India, New Delhi : Orient Longman.

India: 2010 Govt. of India, New Delhi, Govt. of India publication division.

B.A.II - 4th Semester Social Problems in India (Optional-II)

Maximum Marks – 100 Theory – 90 Internal Assessment – 10 Time – 3 hours

Note: - The Paper setter shall set 8 questions from all four units with internal choice. However, one compulsory question of short answer type would be set from the entire syllabus comprising <u>eight sub-questions</u> of three marks each under 5th Unit, out of which <u>six sub-questions</u> are required to be attempted by the examinee in this unit. Such way, the examinees are required to attempt five questions in all, of 18 marks each.

UNIT - I

Social Problem: Meaning and Definition; Importance of the Study of Social Problems; Sociological Perspectives on Social Problem-Anomie (Durkheim), Differtial Association (Sutherland), Labeling (Becker).

UNIT - II

Structural Issues: Inequality of Caste, Class Gender and Ethnicity; Communalism; Problems of Minorities.

UNIT - III

Problems and Issues: Female Foeticide, Dowry, Domestic Violence, Divorce; Problems of Aged.

UNIT - IV

Social Disorganization: Crime and Juvenile Delinquency, Corruption, Drug Addiction, Suicide, Prostitution and AIDS

Readings:

Ahuja, Ram (2000): Social Problems in India, New Delhi: Rawat Publications.

Beteille, Andre (1992): Backward Classes in Contemporary India, New Delhi: OUP

Beteille, Andre (1974): Social Inequality, New Delhi: OUP

Bereman, G.D. (1979): Caste and Other Inequalities: Essay in Inequality, Meerut: Folklore Institute.

Dube, Leela (1997): Women and Kinship, Comparative Perspectives on Gender in South and Southeast Asia, New Delhi: Sage Publication.

Desai, Neera & Usha Thakkar (2007): **Women in Indian Society,** National Book Trust, India.

Gadgil, Madhav and Ramchandra Guha (1996): Ecology and Equality: The use and Abuse of Nature in Contemporary India, New Delhi: OUP.

Gill, S.S. (1998): **The Pathology of Corruption**, New Delhi: Harper Collin Publishers. Lewis, Oscar (1966): **Culture of Poverty "Scientific American"** Vol-II and V No.IV PP-19-25.

Satya Murty, T.V. (1996): Region, Religion, Caste, Gender and Culture in Contemporary India, New Delhi: OUP.

B.A.II - 4th Semester Social Change and Development (Optional-III)

Maximum Marks – 100 Theory – 90 Internal Assessment – 10 Time – 3 hours

Note: - The Paper setter shall set 8 questions from all four units with internal choice. However, one compulsory question of short answer type would be set from the entire syllabus comprising <u>eight sub-questions</u> of three marks each under 5th Unit, out of which <u>six sub-questions</u> are required to be attempted by the examinee in this unit. Such way, the examinees are required to attempt five questions in all, of 18 marks each.

Unit – 1

Social Change: Concept, Forms and Factors; Concept and Features of Development.

Unit – II

Theories of Social Change: Linear (Spencer), Cyclical (Pareto), Fluctuation (Sorokin); Conflict Theory (Marx)

Unit - III

Social Change in Contemporary India: Trends and Processes of Change – Sanskritisation, Westernisation, Modernisation and Secularisation

Unit - IV

Development Programmes in India: Development Programme in India; The Five Year Plans, Community Development Programme, , Panchayat Raj; Impact of new Panchayati Raj on Women Empowerment

Readings:

Appadurai, Arjun.(1997), Modernity At Large: Cultural Dimensions of Globalization. New Delhi: OUP

Bernd, Hamns & Pandurang K. Mutagi (1998), Sustainable Development and Future of Cities, Intermediate Technology Publication, UNSECO

Dereze, Jean and Amartya Sen.(1996), India: Economic Development and Social Opportunity. New Delhi: OUP.

Desai, A.R. (1985), India's Path of Development: A Marxist Approach. Bombay: Popular Parkashan.(Chapter 2).

Dube, S.C. (1988), Modernization and Development: The Search for Alternative Paradigm, Vistaar Publication, New Delhi.

Dube, S.C. (2000), Vikas Ka Samajshastra, Vani Parkashan, New Delhi.

Giddens, Anthony. (1990), The Consequences of Modernity. Cambridge: Polity Press.

Magdoff, Harry (2002), Imperialism and Globalisation, Cornerstone Publications, Kharagpur.

Myrdal, G. (1966), in Shanin, Theodor (Ed.), Peasant and Peasant Societies, Penguin.

Moor, Wilbert and Robert Cook. (1967), Social Change. New Delhi: Prentice-Hall (India)

N.Long (1977), An Introduction to the Sociology of Rural Development, Tavistock Publications; London

Sharma, SL(1986), Development: Socio-Cultural Dimensions. Jaipur: Rawat.(Chapter1). Srinivas, M.N. (1966), Social Change in Modern India. Berkley: University of Berkley. S.C. Dube (1998): Modernization and Development, New Delhi: VistaarPublishers.