KURUKSHETRA UNIVERSITY KURUKSHETRA

(Established by the State Legislature Act-XII of 1956) ('A'+-' Grade, NAAC Accredited)



Syllabus for Under-Graduate Programme

Subject: Botany (5th& 6thSemesters)

With Multiple Entry-Exit, Internship and CBCS-LOCF in accordance to NEP-2020 w.e.f. 2024-25

PLOs for Life Sciences

PLOs UG Certificate in Life Sciences			
After the comp	letion of UG certificate in Life Sciences, the student should be able to:		
PLO_1: Knowledge and Understanding	 Demonstrate the knowledge of basic principles, concepts, facts and broad linkage of chosen subjects of Life sciences. 		
PLO_2: Skills And creativity	 Selecting and using relevant methods, tools, and materials to assess the appropriateness of approaches for solving problems associated with the chosen subjects of Life sciences. 		
PLO_3: Application of knowledge and Skills	 Apply the acquired operational or theoretical knowledge, and a range of practical skills to select and use basic methods, tools, materials, and information to generate solutions to specific problems relating to the chosen subjects of Life sciences. 		
PLO_4: Critical thinking	 Listen carefully, read texts, make judgments and make decisions based on analysis of data and evidence. 		
PLO_5: Ethics	 Put forward convincing arguments to respond to the ethical and moral issues associated with the chosen subjects, practice ethical and moral values in one's life. 		
PLO_6: Communication	Express scientific thoughts and ideas effectively in writing and orally and communicate on scientific activities with others using appropriate media.		
PLO_7: Life long Learning	· Acquire knowledge and skills including learning 'How to learn' that are necessary for participating in learning activities throughout life.		
PLO_8: Environmental Awareness	 Demonstrate knowledge of effects of environmental degradation, climate change and pollution, effective waste management. 		
PLO_9: Digital Literacy	To use ICT in a variety of learning and work situations.		

PLOs	UG Diploma in Life Sciences				
After the con	After the completion of UG Diploma in Life Sciences, the student should be able to:				
PLO_1: Knowledge and Understanding	 Demonstrate the deeper knowledge and understanding of principles, concepts, facts and broad linkage of chosen subjects of Life sciences. 				
PLO_2: Skills And creativity	- Selecting and using relevant methods, tools, and materials to assess the appropriateness of approaches from a range of sources for solving complex problems associated with the chosen subjects of Life sciences.				
PLO_3: Application of knowledge and Skills	 Apply the acquired operational or theoretical knowledge, and a range of practical skills to select and use appropriate methods, tools, materials, and information to generate solutions to specific problems relating to the chosen subjects of Life sciences. 				
PLO_4: Critical thinking	 Listen carefully, read texts, make judgments and make decisions based on analysis of data and evidence, present complex information in a clear, scientific and concise manner. 				
PLO_5: Ethics	 Formulate arguments in support of actions to address the ethical and moral issues associated with the chosen subjects, practice ethical and moral values in one's life. 				

PLO_6: Communication	· Express scientific thoughts and ideas effectively in writing and orally and communicate on scientific activities with others using appropriate media.	
PLO_7:Life long Learning	· Acquire knowledge and skills including learning 'How to learn' that are necessary for participating in learning activities throughout life.	
PLO_8: Environmental Awareness Apply knowledge, skills and attitude to mitigate the effects of envidence degradation, climate change and pollution, and effective waste managements.		
PLO_9: Digital Literacy	· To use ICT in a variety of learning and work situations.	

PLOs	Bachelor Degree in Life Sciences		
After the comp	letion of Bachelor degree in Life Sciences, the student should be able to:		
PLO_1: Knowledge and Understanding	· Demonstrate the comprehensive and specialized knowledge and deep understanding of principles, concepts, and facts about current and emerging issues relevant to chosen subjects of Life sciences.		
PLO_2: Skills And creativity	 Selecting and using relevant methods, tools, and materials to assess the appropriateness of approaches for solving specific problems associated with the chosen subjects of Life sciences. 		
PLO_3: Application of knowledge and Skills	 Apply the acquired operational or theoretical knowledge, and a range of practical skills to analyze quantitative and qualitative data to assess the different approaches to generate solutions to specific problems related to the chosen subjects of Life sciences. 		
PLO_4: Critical thinking	· Listen carefully, read texts, make judgments and make decisions based on analysis of data and evidence, present complex information in a clear, scientific and concise manner.		
PLO_5: Ethics	 Follow ethical practices in all aspects of research and development, including avoiding unethical practices such as fabrication, falsification or misrepresentation of data or committing plagiarism. 		
PLO_6: Communication	 Able to communicate effectively on complex scientific activities with the scientific community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective scientific reports and design documentation, make effective presentations. 		
PLO_7: Life long Learning	· Acquire knowledge and skills including learning 'How to learn' that are necessary for participating in learning activities throughout life.		
PLO_8: Environmental Awareness	Apply knowledge, skills and attitude to mitigate the effects of environmental degradation, climate change and pollution, effective waste management.		
PLO_9: Digital Literacy	To use ICT in a variety of learning and work situations, appropriate software to analyze the data.		
PLO_10: Research Aptitude	Ask relevant/appropriate questions, identifying, formulating and analyzing the research problems and to draw conclusions from the analysis.		

FIFTH SEMESTER

Session: 2024-25				
Pa	art A - Introduct			
Subject BOTANY				
Semester	5 th			
Name of the Course	Economic Bot	any and Plant B	iotechnology	
Course Code	B23-BOT-501	•		
Course Type: (CC/MCC/MDC/CC-M/DSEC/VOC/DSE/PC/AEC/VAC)	CC-5/MCC-9			
Level of the course (As per Annexure-I)	300-399			
Pre-requisite for the course (if any)				
Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):	 After completing this course, the learner will be able to: Understand origin, distribution, cultivationa and uses of cereals, millets, pulses, fibres and oil yielding crops. Understand cultivationa and uses of spices, condiments, medicinal plants, rubber-yielding plants, beverages and timber yielding plants. Get acquainted with concepts of tissue culture and tissue culture techniques including micropropagation, callus culture Understanddifferent strategies of genetic engineering in plants and its applications *Understand lab techniques of tissue culture; get acquainted with equiments and instruments required for gene transfer techniques; culture media preparation; study of economically important plants. 			
Credits	Theory 3	Practical 1	Total 4	
Contact Hours	3	2	5	
	THEORY		<u> </u>	
Max. Marks: 70				
Internal Assessment Marks: 20 Time: 3 Hours				
End Term Exam Marks: 50				
PRACTICAL				
Max. Marks: 30				
Internal Assessment Marks: 10 Time: 4 Hours				
End Term Exam Marks: 20 Part B- Contents of the Course				
Part B- Contents of the Course				

Instructions for Paper- Setter

1. Nine questions will be set in all. All questions will carry equal marks.

2. Question No.1 will be short answer type covering the entire syllabus and will be compulsory. The remaining eight questions will be set unit wise selecting two questions from each unit. The candidate will be required to attempt question No. 1 and four more questions selecting one question from each unit.

Unit	Topics	Contact Hours
I	Food Plants: Introduction to Cereals and Millets; Origin, distribution,	11
	botanical description, brief idea of cultivation and uses of Rice, Wheat	
	and Maize.	
	Protein Crops (Pulses); Origin, distribution, botanical description, brief	
	idea of cultivation and uses of Gram, Arhar, Peas.	

	Introduction to Vegetables; Origin, distribution, botanical description,	
	brief idea of cultivation and uses of Potato, Tomato, Onion.	
	Fibers: Introduction to natural fibers; Origin, distribution, botanical	
	description, brief idea of cultivation, processing and uses of Cotton, Jute	
	and Flax.	
	Oil Yielding Crops: Origin, distribution, botanical description, brief idea	
	of cultivation and uses of Groundnut, Mustard and Coconut.	
II	Spices and Condiments: Introduction to spices and condiments;	12
	Morphology of plant part used, brief idea of cultivation and uses of	
	Coriander, Black Pepper, Ginger, Turmeric and Cloves.	
	Medicinal Plants: Brief idea of Cultivation, botanical features and	
	medicinal importance of <i>Cinchona</i> , <i>Rauwolfia</i> , <i>Atropa</i> , Opium, <i>Cannabis</i> ,	
	Indian Gooseberry and Withania.	
	Beverages: Botanical description and processing of Tea and Coffee.	
	Rubber: Botanical description and processing of <i>Hevea</i>	
	Sugar: Botanical description, cultivation and harvesting of Sugarcane;	
	processing of Sugar. Timber: Note on important timber yielding plants	
ŢŢŢ	Timber: Note on important timber yielding plants. Plant Tiggue Culture: Concept History Scope and Applications:	11
III	Plant Tissue Culture: Concept, History, Scope and Applications;	11
	TotipotencyOrganogenesisCryopreservation	
	Types of culture: Seed, Embryo, callus, suspension, organs, Cell and	
	protoplast culture	
	Micropropagation/clonal propagation (different routes of multiplication-	
	axillary bud proliferation, somatic embryogenesis, organogenesis),	
	Synthetic seeds (a brief account)	
	In vitro haploid production Androgenic methods: Anther culture,	
	Microspore culture Ando genesis Significance and use of haploids	
	Gynogenic haploids, factors effecting gynogenesis	
	Somatic hybridisation, Cybrids, Somaclonal variations	
IV	Genetic Engineering in plants: Introduction and applications	11
	Direct DNA transfer/Physical methods of gene transfer in plants - micro	
	projectile bombardment, electroporation, liposome mediated, Calcium	
	phosphate mediated etc.	
	Restriction Endonucleases: Types and role; brief idea about cloning	
	vectors- Ti plasmid, BAC, Lambda phage, cosmid, shuttle vector,	
	eukaryotic vectors (YAC)	
	Plant transformation by <i>Agrobacterium tumefaciens</i> and <i>A. rhizogenes</i> .	
	Strategies for gene transfer to plant cells. Binary and co-integrate vectors.	
V*	• Study of economically important plants: Wheat, Rice, Maize, Gram,	30
	Pea, Arhar, Black Pepper, Ginger, Clove, Tea, Coffee, Cotton,	
	Groundnut, Coconut, Mustard and Sugarcane etc.	
	• Study of economically important plants: Potato, Tomato, Onion, fiber-	
	yielding and medicinal plants of the syllabus and different types of	
	woods.	
	• Collection and preparation of reports on various crops and	
	economically important plants being cultivated/wildly available in	
	your area.	
	 Brief introduction to the components and working of the instruments- 	
	oven, autoclave, incubator, centrifuge, laminar air flow and	
	spectrophotometer); Familiarization with basic equipments in tissue	
	culture.	

- Preparation of MS medium.
- To prepare the slants and petri plates for plant tissue culture.
- Demonstration of *in vitro* sterilization and inoculation methods using leaf and nodal explants of tobacco/*Datura/Brassica* or other available plant
- Study of anther, embryo and endosperm culture, micropropagation, somatic embryogenesis & artificial seeds through photographs.
- Study of methods of gene transfer through photographs: Agrobacterium-mediated, direct gene transfer by electroporation, microinjection, microprojectile bombardment.

Suggested Evaluation Methods

Internal Assessment: Theory Class Participation: 05 Seminar/presentation/assignment/quiz/class test etc.: 05 Mid-Term Exam: 10 Practical Class Participation: NA Seminar/Demonstration/Viva-voce/Lab records etc.: 10 Mid-Term Exam: NA

Part C-Learning Resources

- Kocchar, S.L. 1998: Economic Botany in Tropics, 2nd edition, MacMillan India Ltd., New Delhi.
- Kocchar, S.L. 2016. Economic Botany: A Comprehensive Study, 5th Ed, Cambridge India.
- Sambammurthy, A.V.S.S. and Subramanyam, N.S. 1989. A Textbook of Economic Botany, Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Delhi.
- Sharma, O.P. 1996. Hill's Economic Botany (Late Dr. A.F. Hill adapted by O.P. Sharma), Tata McGraw Hill Co. Ltd., New Delhi.
- Simpson, B.B. and Conner-Ogorzaly, M. 1986: Economic Botany- Plants in our World, McGraw Hill, New York.
- Singh, B.D. 2021. Biotechnology 4th Edition. Kalyani Publications
- Bhojwani, S.S. and Razdan, M.K. 1996. Plant Tissue Culture: Theory and Practice. Elsevier Science Amsterdam. The Netherlands.
- Glick, B.R., Pasternak, J.J. 2003. Molecular Biotechnology- Principles and Applications of recombinant DNA. ASM Press, Washington.
- Stewart Jr. C.N. 2016. Plant Biotechnology & Genetics: Principles, Techniques and Applications. John Wiley & Sons Inc. U.S.A.
- Trehan, K. 1990. Biotechnology, New Age Int. Pvt. Ltrd. New Delhi India.
- Wiley, J.M., Sherwood, L.M. and Woolverton, C.J. 2019. Prescott's Microbiology. 11th Edition. McGraw Hill International.

Session: 2024-25					
Part A	Part A - Introduction				
Subject BOTANY					
Semester	5 th				
Name of the Course	Reproduction in HigherPlants				
Course Code					
Course Type: (CC/MCC/MDC/CC-	MCC-10				
M/DSEC/VOC/DSE/PC/AEC/VAC)					
Level of the course (As per Annexure-I)	300-399				
Pre-requisite for the course (if any)					
Course Learning Outcomes(CLO):	After completing this course, the learner will be able to: 1. Understand the structure of flower, microsporangium and process of pollen formation. 2. Get an idea of pollination mechanism, interaction of pollens and pistils and self-incompatibility. 3. Understand the structure of megasporangium, female gametophyte, mature embryo sac and process of double fertilization. 4. Understand the types of endosperms, process of embryogenesis and structure of dicot & monocot seeds. 5. *Understand types of ovules, embryo structure of developing seeds, embryo sac development, types				
			nation mechanism		
Condita	Theory	Practical	Total		
Credits Contact Hours	3 3	2	5		
Contact Hours	THEORY	2	3		
Max. Marks: 70	HEUK I				
Internal Assessment Marks: 20 Time: 3 Hours					
End Term Exam Marks: 50					
PRACTICAL					
Max. Marks: 30 Internal Assessment Marks: 10 End Term Exam Marks: 20 Time: 4 Hours					
Part B-Contents of the Course					

- 1. Nine questions will be set in all. All questions will carry equal marks.
- 2. Question No.1 will be short answer type covering the entire syllabus and will be compulsory. The remaining eight questions will be set unit wise selecting two questions from each unit. The candidate will be required to attempt question No. 1 and four more questions selecting one question from each unit.

Unit	Topics	Contact Hours
I	Flower-a modified shoot; functions of various floral parts.	11
	Microsporangium, its wall and dehiscence mechanism. Microsporogenesis, pollen grains and its structure (pollen wall).	
II	Pollination (types and agencies); pollen germination (microgametogenesis).	12

	Pollen-pistil interaction; self-incompatibility. Male gametophyte.	
III	Structure of megasporangium (ovule), its curvatures.	11
	Megasporogenesis and megagametogenesis.	
	Female gametophyte (monosporic, bisporic and tetrasporic)- organization and	
	ultrastructure of mature embryo sac.	
	Double fertilization.	
IV	Endosperm types and their biological importance.	11
	Embryogenesis in dicot and monocot;	
	Polyembryony and apomixis.	
	Structure of dicot and monocot seed.	
	Fruit types; dispersal mechanisms in fruits and seeds.	
V*	• Types of ovules: anatropous, orthotropous, circinotropous, amphitropous/campylotropous (Permanent Slides).	30
	• Female gametophyte: <i>Polygonum</i> (monosporic) type of Embryo sac Development	
	• (Permanent slides/photographs).	
	 Ultrastructure of mature egg apparatus cells through electron micrographs. 	
	• Pollination types and seed dispersal mechanisms (including appendages,	
	aril, caruncle) (Photographs and specimens).	
	 Dissection of embryo/endosperm from developing seeds. 	

Suggested	Evaluation	Methods
Suggesteu	Lvaiuauon	Memous

Internal Assessment:	End Term	
≻Theory	Examination	
 Class Participation: 05 Seminar/presentation/assignment/quiz/class test etc.: 05 Mid-Term Exam: 10 	Theory: 50 Practical: 20	
≻Practical		
Class Participation : NA		
• Seminar/Demonstration/Viva-voce/Lab records etc.: 10		
Mid-Term Exam : NA		
Part C-Learning Resources		

- B.M. Johri Editor (1984) Embryology of Angiosperms Springer Verlag
- Bhojwani, S.S. & Bhatnagar, S.P. (2011). Embryology of Angiosperms. Vikas Publication House Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi. 5th edition.
- Fageri, K. and Van der Pijl1979. The Principles of Pollination Ecology. Pergamon Press, Oxford.
- Hartmann, H.T. and Kestler, D.E. 1976. Plant Propagation; Principles and Practices.
 3rdEdition.Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- King. J. 1997. Reaching for the Sun: How Plants Work. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, U.K.
- P. Maheshwari (1950) An Introduction to the Embryology of Angiosperms McGraw Hill• Proctor, M. and Yeo, P. 1973. The Pollination of Flowers. William Collins Sons, London.
- Raven, P.H. Evert, R.F. and Eichhorn, S.E. 1999. Biology of Plants.5th edition.W.R.Freeman and Co., Worth Publishers, New York.
- Thomas, P. 2000. Trees: Their Natural History. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.

Session: 2024-25				
Pa	rt A	- Introduct	ion	
Subject BOTANY				
Semester	5 th	5 th		
Name of the Course	Pla	nt Biochem	istry and Metab	olism
Course Code	B23	3-BOT-503		
Course Type: (CC/MCC/MDC/CC-M/DSEC/VOC/DSE/PC/AEC/VAC)	DS	E-2		
Level of the course (As per Annexure-I)	300	-399		
Pre-requisite for the course (if any)				
Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):	After completing this course, the learner will be able to: 1. Students will have a comprehensive understanding of biochemical foundations in plants. 2. Students will be able to understand biomolecule structure and properties. 3. Students will develop comprehensive knowledge about various metabolic processes occurring in plants. 4. Students will develop a comprehensive understanding of biomolecule turnover. 5*. Students will gain knowledge about the tools and techniques used for studying the biochemical and metabolic state of plants. This will be mainly done through estimation and detection of some important metabolites.			
Credits		Theory 3	Practical 1	Total 4
Contact Hours		3	2	5
	T	HEORY	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>
Max. Marks: 70				
Internal Assessment Marks: 20		Time: 3 Ho	ours	
End Term Exam Marks: 50	_			
PRACTICAL				
Max. Marks: 30				
Internal Assessment Marks: 10	Internal Assessment Marks: 10 Time: 4 Hours			
End Term Exam Marks: 20				
Part B- Contents of the Course				

Instructions for Paper- Setter 1. Nine questions will be set in all. All questions will carry equal marks.

2. Question No.1 will be short answer type covering the entire syllabus and will be compulsory. The remaining eight questions will be set unit wise selecting two questions from each unit. The candidate will be required to attempt question No. 1 and four more questions selecting one question from each unit.

Unit	Topics	Contact Hours
I	Biochemical Foundations: covalent and non-covalent bonds;	11
	hydrogen bond; Van der Waal's forces; Structure and properties of	
	water; pH and buffer (inorganic and organic); Handerson-	
	Hasselbalch equation; Isoelectric point.	
II	Structure, classification and brief concepts of nucleic acids, proteins,	12
	carbohydrates and lipids; enzymes and enzyme kinetics; enzyme	
	regulation; mechanism of enzyme catalysis; isozymes.	

III	Biosynthesis, mechanism of action and uses of brassinosteroids, strigolactones, jasmonates and salicylic acid. Nucleotide biosynthesis and degradation.		
IV	Secondary metabolites and their roles: terpenes, phenols and	11	
	nitrogenous compounds; nitrate and ammonium assimilation.		
	Amino acid biosynthesis; lipid biosynthesis, α and β -oxidation.		
V*	Qualitative test for reducing and non-reducing sugars.		
	Qualitative test for proteins.		
	Qualitative test for oils and fats.		
	Qualitative test for some common secondary metabolites.		
	Demonstration/Estimation of catalase activity.		
	Estimation of free fatty acid by titrimetric method.		
	Estimation of cell sap chloride ion by titrimetric method.		
	Estimation of ascorbic acid by titrimetric method		
	Suggested Evaluation Methods		

Suggested Evaluation Methods

Internal Assessment:	End Term
≻Theory	Examination
 Class Participation: 05 Seminar/presentation/assignment/quiz/class test etc.: 05 Mid-Term Exam: 10 	Theory: 50 Practical: 20
➤ Practical	
Class Participation : NA	
 Seminar/Demonstration/Viva-voce/Lab records etc.: 10 	
Mid-Term Exam : NA	

Part C-Learning Resources

- Nelson, D. L., & Cox, M. M. (2021). Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry (8th ed.). W.H. Freeman.
- Voet, D., Voet, J. G., & Pratt, C. W. (2016). Fundamentals of Biochemistry (5th ed.). John Wiley & Sons.
- Buchanan, B. B., Gruissem, W., & Jones, R. L. (2015). Biochemistry and Molecular Biology of Plants (2nd ed.). Wiley-Blackwell.
- Berg, J.M., Stryer, L., Tymoczko, J.L. and Gatto, G.J. (2023) *Biochemistry* (10th ed.). WH Freeman.
- Heldt, H.W. (2021). *Plant Biochemistry*. (5th ed.). Elsevier Academic Press.
- Bowher, C., & Tobin, A. (2021). *Plant Biochemistry*. (2nd ed.). CRC Press.

Session: 2024-25					
Part A - Introduction					
Subject	BO	BOTANY			
Semester	5 th				
Name of the Course	Mo	dern Plant	Systematics		
Course Code	B23	3-BOT-504			
Course Type: (CC/MCC/MDC/CC-	DS	E-2			
M/DSEC/VOC/DSE/PC/AEC/VAC)					
Level of the course (As per Annexure-I)	300)-399			
Pre-requisite for the course (if any)					
Course Learning Outcomes(CLO):	After completing this course, the learner will be able to: 1. Students will have a comprehensive understanding of Plant Taxonomy. 2. Students will be able to understand Plant identification tools 3. Students will develop comprehensive knowledge about taxonomical evidences. 4. Students will develop a comprehensive understanding of Role of APG and economic value of various plant families. 5*. Students will gain knowledge about the tools, techniques, evidences, various system of classification used for the identification of plants.				
		Theory	Practical	Total	
Credits		3	1	4	
Contact Hours		3	2	5	
		THEORY			
Max. Marks: 70 Internal Assessment Marks: 20 End Term Exam Marks: 50		Time: 3 Hours			
	P	RACTICAL			
Max. Marks: 30 Internal Assessment Marks: 10 End Term Exam Marks: 20	D Ca	Time: 4 Ho			

- 1. Nine questions will be set in all. All questions will carry equal marks.
- 2. Question No.1 will be short answer type covering the entire syllabus and will be compulsory. The remaining eight questions will be set unit wise selecting two questions from each unit. The candidate will be required to attempt question No. 1 and four more questions selecting one question from each unit.

Unit	Topics	Contact Hours
I	Aims, principles and practices in taxonomy. Botanical	11
	Nomenclature: Brief history, Scientific names, ICN, Principles,	
	typification, Principle of priority, author citation, effective and valid	
	publication, rank of taxa; Floras, monographs, websites. Herbarium	
	and botanical gardens, their role in teaching, research and	
	conservation, Journals; Keys: Single access and Multi-access,	
	important herbaria and botanic gardens of the World. Botanical	
	Survey of India.	
II	Introduction to Plant systematic; Plant Classification, Nomenclature;	12

_	<u>, </u>			
	Evidences from palynology, Cytology, Phytochemistry	у,		
	Embryology, Morphology, Anatomy, and molecular data,			
	Identification of phytochemicals present in plants.			
III	Major contributions of Theophrastus, Linnaeus, de Candoll	e, 11		
	Bessey, Hutchinson, Engler and Prantles, Takhtajan and Cronquis	t;		
	Types of classification: Artificial; Natural and Phylogenetic	e;		
	Angiosperm Phylogeny Group (APG I, II, III, IV) classification.			
IV	Systematic study and economic importance of the following	g 11		
	families: Fabaceae, Euphobiaceae, Cucurbitaceae, Malvacea	e,		
	Rutaceae, Annonaceae, Brassicaceae, Ranunculaceae & Poacea			
	Numerical taxonomy: Characters; Variations; OTUs, character	er		
	weighting and coding; Phenograms, cladograms (definitions an	id		
	differences).			
V*	Description of specimens from locally available.	le 30		
	representative families.			
	• Identification of plant specimens using floras an	.d		
	identification keys.			
	Preparation of identification keys for at least 10 specimen	ns		
based on morphological features.Study of herbarium specimens of different families covered				
	in theory course.			
	• Field trips within and around the campus; compilation	of		
	field notes and preparation of herbarium sheets of such			
	plants, wild or cultivated, as are abundant.			
	 Use of palynological, chemical methods in taxonomy. 			
	Suggested Evaluation Methods			
Interna	l Assessment:	End Term Examination		
>Theo:				
	Class Participation: 05	Theory: 50		
	•	Practical: 20		
,	• Seminar/presentation/assignment/quiz/class test etc. : 05			

Mid-Term Exam: 10 **≻**Practical

- Class Participation : NA
- Seminar/Demonstration/Viva-voce/Lab records etc.: 10
- Mid-Term Exam: NA

Part C-Learning Resources

- Cronquist, A. 1981. An Integrated System of Classification of Flowering Plants. Columbia University Press, New York.
- Cronquist, A. 1988. The Evolution and Classification of Flowering Plants (2nd ed.) Allen Press, U.S.A.
- Hickey, M. and King, C. 2000. The Cambridge Illustrated Glossary of Botanical Terms. Cambridge University Press, UK.
- Hutchinson, J. 1959. Families of Flowering plants. Clarendon Press, Oxford.
- Jain S.K. and Rao R.R. 1976. Handbook of Field and Herbarium Methods. Today and Tomorrow Publishers, New Delhi.
- Lawrence, G. H. M. 1951. Taxonomy of Vascular Plants. Oxford and IBH Publ. Co. Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- Mabberly, T. J. 2009. *The Plant Book* 2nd ed. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.

- Manilal, K. S. and M. S. Muktesh Kumar [ed.] 1998. A *Handbook of Taxonomic Training*. DST, New Delhi
- Radford A.E. 1986. Fundamentals of Plant Systematics. Harper and Row N Y.
- Simpson, M.G. 2010. *Plant Systematics*. Elsevier, Amsterdam.
- Singh, Gurcharan. 2010. *Plant Systematics: An Integrated approach*. 3rd edition. Science Publishers Inc., New Hampshire, USA.
- Singh, Gurcharan. 2012. Plant *Systematics: Theory and Practice*. Completely revised and enlarged 3rdedition. Oxford & IBH, New Delhi.
- Stuessy, Tod F. 2009. *Plant Taxonomy: The Systematic Evaluation of Comparative Data*. Second edition. Columbia University Press.

Session: 2024-25				
Part A	- Introduct			
Subject BOTANY				
Semester	5 th	5 th		
Name of the Course	Natural P	lant Products		
Course Code	B23-BOT	-505		
Course Type: (CC/MCC/MDC/CC-	DSE-3			
M/DSEC/VOC/DSE/PC/AEC/VAC)				
Level of the course (As per Annexure-I)	300-399			
Pre-requisite for the course (if any)				
Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):	After completing this course, the learner will be able to: 1. Help students to gain knowledge about structure,			
	 Help students to gain knowledge about structure, production, and types of natural plant products. Students will understand wide range of applications including culinary, medicinal, cosmetic, nutritional uses of herbal products. Students will be acquainted with various histochemical tests for screening of different natural plant products. Students will get an insight how natural plant products are important for drug discovery and challenges faced by scientists in recent scenario. Students will gain knowledge about importance of herbal medicinal plants and theircollection, develop skills in preparation of crude herbal extracts, detect drug adulteration andpropagation methods for 			
	Theory	on of plants. Practical	Total	
Credits	3	1	4	
Contact Hours	3	2	5	
	HEORY	L	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Max. Marks: 70				
Internal Assessment Marks: 20	Time: 3 H	ours		
End Term Exam Marks: 50				
PRACTICAL				
Max. Marks: 30 Internal Assessment Marks: 10 End Term Exam Marks: 20 Time: 4 Hours				

Part B- Contents of the Course

- 1. Nine questions will be set in all. All questions will carry equal marks.
- 2. Question No. 1 will be short answer type covering the entire syllabus and will be compulsory. The remaining eight questions will be set unit wise selecting two questions from each unit. The candidate will be required to attempt question No. 1 and four more questions selecting one question from each unit.

Unit	Topics	Contact Hours
I	An overview of secondary metabolism and biosynthesis of natural products: The shikimate pathway for synthesis of phenylpropanoids and aromatic amino acids; The mevalonate and methylerythritol phosphate pathways for synthesis of terpenoids and steroids; The acetate pathway for synthesis of polyketides and fatty acids; Factors affecting synthesis of secondary metabolites	11
II	Structure elucidation of natural products: General strategies for structure elucidation of natural products with few examples; Phytochemical screening and histochemical tests for alkaloids, saponins, cardenolides, flavonoids, leucoanthocyanidins, tannins, polyphenols, anthraquinones, cyanogenic glycosides, volatile oils in plant extracts. Important therapeutic classes: antimicrobial, antidiabetics, hepatoprotectives, immunomodulators, anti-cancer.	12
III	Herbal cosmetics: Importance of herbals as shampoos (soapnut), conditioners and coloring agents (amla, henna, hibiscus, tea), skin care (aloe, turmeric, lemon peel, vetiver); Flavouring agents from plants; Utilization of aromatic plants and derived products (sandalwood oil, mentha oil, lemon grass oil, eucalyptus oil); Nutraceuticals and Health Foods: Classification of Nutraceuticals; Sources and uses of health foods; Chamomile, Corn oil, Fenugreek, Ferverfew, Garlic, Ginseng, Ginkgo, Honey etc.	11
IV	Role of Natural Products (NP) in Drug Discovery: Case studies of taxol, artemisinin, etc.; Challenges associated with NP drug discovery; Multidisciplinary approach to natural products drug discovery using innovative technologies; Quality control of herbal drugs as per WHO, AYUSH; Conservation and sustainable use of medicinal plants; in-situ and ex-situ conservation methods. Centres for conservation of medicinal plants – CIMAP (Central institute of medicinal and aromatic plants) and FRLHT (Foundation for revitalization of local health traditions); TKDL (Traditional Knowledge Digital Library)	11
V*	 Collection of locally used ethanobotanicals and preparation of herbarium To study the propagation and nursery techniques of medicinal and aromatic plants Preparation of crude herbal extract Microscopic evaluation and chemical tests (Metanil yellow test and chalk powder test). To detect adulteration of turmeric powder. Preparation of herbal formulation for common cold Detection of alkaloids (Datura / Sadafuli / Tirphal), flavonoids (Green Tea / Onion) and 	30

Saponins (Karando / Godekashtha) or from other suitable plant materials.	
Suggested Evaluation Methods	
Internal Assessment:	End Term
≻Theory	Examination
 Class Participation: 05 Seminar/presentation/assignment/quiz/class test etc.: 05 Mid-Term Exam: 10 	Theory: 50 Practical: 20
≻ Practical	
Class Participation : NA	
• Seminar/Demonstration/Viva-voce/Lab records etc.: 10	
Mid-Term Exam : NA	

Part C-Learning Resources

- Medicinal Natural Products: A Biosynthetic Approach, 3rd Edition, Paul M. Dewick, 2009, Wiley.
- From Biosynthesis to Total Synthesis: Strategies and Tactics for Natural Products, Alexandros L. Zografos, 2016, Wiley.
- Natural Product Biosynthesis: Chemical Logic and Enzymatic Machinery, Christopher T Walsh and Yi Tang, 2017, RSC.
- Trease and Evan's Pharmacognosy, 16th Edition, W.C. Evans, 2009, Elsevier.
- Influence of abiotic stress signals on secondary metabolites in plants. Plant signaling&behavior. Akula R, Ravishankar GA, 2011, 6(11), 1720-31.
- Natural Products and Drug Discovery An Integrated Approach, 1st edition, Subhash C. Mandal, Vivekananda Mandal and Tetsuya Konishi, 2018, Academic Press is an imprint of Elsevier.
- Integrated Approach to Nature as Source of New Drug Lead, Open access peer-reviewed chapter, In book: Molecular Insight of Drug Design, Seema Kohli, 2018, Intechopen.
- Lead Generation Approaches in Drug Discovery, Chapter 7: Role of Natural Products in Drug Discovery, Hugo Lachance, Stefan Wetzel, Herbert Waldmann, 2010, Wiley online library.
- Khandelwal, K.R. 2002. Practical Pharmacognosy: Techniques and Experiments. 9th edition. Nirali Prakashan, Pune.

Session: 2024-25 Part A - Introduction			
Semester 5 th			
Name of the Course	Plants and Medicines		
Course Code	B23-BOT-506		
Course Type: (CC/MCC/MDC/CC-	DSE-3		
M/DSEC/VOC/DSE/PC/AEC/VAC)			
Level of the course (As per Annexure-I)	300-399		
Pre-requisite for the course (if any)			
Course Learning Outcomes(CLO):	After completing this course, the learner will be able		
	to:		
	1. Student will get understanding of traditional and		
	present medicinal systems as well as herbal		
	industries.		

	under and s 3. Stude medic contr 4. Stude princ under and u 5. *Get plant:	ignificance of greents will get cinal plants ibution to pharmatents will acquiriples of conservatanding of class acquainted with	agation methods of plants een house technologies. knowledge of various and their significant a industry. The knowledge about the vation laws; conceptual sifications used by IUCN international legislation. distribution of medicinal egetative propagation and
	Theory	Practical	Total
Credits	3	1	4
Contact Hours	3	2	5
	THEORY		
Max. Marks: 70 Internal Assessment Marks: 20 End Term Exam Marks: 50	Time: 3 Hours		
P	RACTICAL		
Max. Marks: 30 Internal Assessment Marks: 10 End Term Exam Marks: 20	Time: 4 Hours		

- 1. Nine questions will be set in all. All questions will carry equal marks.
- 2. Question No. 1 will be short answer type covering the entire syllabus and will be compulsory. The remaining eight questions will be set unit wise selecting two questions from each unit. The candidate will be required to attempt question No. 1 and four more questions selecting one question from each unit.

Part B- Contents of the Course

Unit	Topics	Contact Hours
I	Introduction to medicinal plants and scope of medicinal botany.	11
	Brief account of traditional medicinal systems- Ayurveda, siddha, unani,	
	and homeopathy.	
	Medicinal plants- past and present status in world and India.	
	Demand and supply of medicinal plants.	
	Herbal industries.	
II	Agro and cultivation techniques i.e., nursery raising, cultivation, inter culture and fertilizers, pests and diseases, harvesting and profits for some economically important medicinal plants- Aloe vera, <i>Withaniasomnifera</i> , <i>Rauvolfiaderpentina</i> . Green house technology- principles, methodology and applications. Propagation of medicinal plants through cuttings, rhizomes, bulbs and seeds.	12
III	Important medicinal plants of India with their systematics, geographical distribution and uses, morphology, active principles and medicinal value-Glycyrrhiza, Cinchona, Belladona, Aloe, Rauvolfia, Neem,	11

	Ashwagandha, Amla, Bahera, Bhringraj.					
	Plant's secondary metabolite of medicinal importance- Alkaloid,					
	Glycosides and Sterols (brief account).					
IV	Concept of IUCN, red list criteria, threat categories, concept of endemism, threatened and endemic medicinal plants.					
	Conservation, in-situ (national parks, sanctuaries, biosphere reserves and sacred grooves), ex-situ (botanical gardens, ethno medicinal herbal gardens and seed banks).					
	Conservation through tissue culture and cryopreservation. Wildlife act. National medicinal plant board and state medicinal plant board- objectives and functions. Future of medicinal plants.					
V*	To study different methods of vegetative propagation.	30				
,	 Identification and description of various medicinal plants. 					
	 To test the presence of various secondary metabolite in extracts of 					
	various medicinal plants.					
	To study various plant-based medicines.					
	Preparation of survey/collection report.					
Suggested Evaluation Methods						
Interna	al Assessment:	End Term				
>Theory		Examination				
•	Class Participation: 05					
•	Theory: 50					
•	Practical: 20					
≻Prac						
•						
•						
•	Mid-Term Exam: NA					

Recommended Books/e-resources/LMS:

- Indian Medicinal Plants by P.C. Trivedi (2009).
- Medicinal Plants of Uttrakhand by C.P. Kala (2010).
- Medicinal Plants of Indian Himalaya by S.S. Samant and U. Dhar.
- Recent progress in Medicinal Plants Vol. 12, Globalization of Herbal Health by A.K. Sharma (2006).

Part C-Learning Resources

- Handbook of Ayurvedic Medicinal Plants by L. D. Kapoor (2005).
- Indian Medicinal Plants (vol. 1-4) by K.R. Kirtikar and B.D. Basu (2006).
- IUCN Red List Categories by IUCN.
- Medicinal Plant Cultivation: A Scientific Approach by S.S. Purohit (2004).
- Medicinal Plants: Conservation, Cultivation & utilization by A.K. Chopra, Daya publishing house, Trinagar, Delhi (2007).

Sixth Semester

Session: 2024-25					
Part A - Introduction					
Subject BOTANY					
Semester	6 th				
Name of the Course	Plant Anatom	y and Embryolo	ogy		
Course Code	B23-BOT-601	i ii			
Course Type: (CC/MCC/MDC/CC-M/DSEC/VOC/DSE/PC/AEC/VAC) Level of the course (As per Annexure-I)	CC-6/MCC-12	CC-6/MCC-11			
Pre-requisite for the course (if any)	300-377				
Course Learning Outcomes(CLO):	After completing this course, the learner will be able to: 1. Describe and differentiate various categories of plant tissues, their functions and anatomical features of plant parts and their applications in various branches of botany; general mechanism of secondary growth in plants. 2. Develop their competency on understanding morphology and anatomy of leaves and root system of plants. 3. Understand self incompatibility, pollen-pistil interaction, microsporogenesis, pollination and palynology. 4. Understand concepts of megasporogenesis, double fertilisation, embryo development, fruit types, embryo culture and anther culture. 5. *Get acquainted with practical aspects of permanent tisuues, types of ovules, pollination mechanism and embryo development. Theory Practical Total				
Credits	3	1	4		
Contact Hours	3	2	5		
Max. Marks: 70 Internal Assessment Marks: 20 End Term Exam Marks: 50 PRACTICAL Max. Marks: 30					
Internal Assessment Marks: 10 End Term Exam Marks: 20 Part B- Contents of the Course					

- 1. Nine questions will be set in all. All questions will carry equal marks.
- 2. Question No.1 will be short answer type covering the entire syllabus and will be compulsory. The remaining eight questions will be set unit wise selecting two questions from each unit. The candidate will be required to attempt question No. 1 and four more questions selecting one question from each unit.

Introduction, objective and scope of plant anatomy, meristematic andpermanent tissues, complex tissues, plant secretory tissues, mechanicalissues and their distribution. Tissue systems (epidermal, ground and vascular), cambium, types of vascular bundles, vascular skeleton at nodes and intermodes. II SAM anatomy, theories of histological organization of shoot apex, anatomy of monocot and dicot stem, secondary growth, anomaloussecondary growth (Dracaena, Boerhaavia, and Mirabilis). Phyllotaxy, anatomy of dicot and monocot leaf, Kranz anatomy. RAM anatomy, types of roots in monocots and dicots, quiescent centre, root-stem transition, secondary growth in dicot root, structuralmodifications in respiratory (Rhizophora) storage (Beta) and epiphytic(Vanda) roots. III History and scope of plant embryology, flower-a modified shoot, floralorgans. Microsporagium, its wall and dehiscence mechanism, microsporogenesis, pollen grains and its structure (pollen wall), scope of palynology. Pollen-pistil interaction, self-incompatibility. Pollination types and agencies, pollen germination and development. IV Structure of megasporangium, megasporogenesis and megagametogenesis, types of female gametophyte. Double fertilization, endosperm types, embryogenesis in dicots andmonocots; polyembryony, apomixis. Structure of dicot and monocot seed, dispersal mechanisms in fruitsand seeds. V* Study of meristems through permanent slides and photographs. Tissues (parenchyma, collenchyma and sclerenchyma); Macerated xylary elements, Phloem (Permanent slides of Stem: Monocot: Zea mays; Dicot: Helianthus; Secondary: Boerhaavia. Preparation/observation of permanent Slides of Stem: Monocot: Zea mays; Dicot: Helianthus; Secondary: Boerhaavia. Preparation/observation of permanent slides of Root: Monocot: Zea mays; Dicot: Helianthus; Secondary: Boerhaavia. Freparation/observation of permanent slides). Structure of anther (young and mature), tapetum (amoeboid and secretory) (Permanent slides). Female gametophyte: Polygonum (monospori	Contact Hours	nit Topics	Unit
anatomy of monocot and dicot stem, secondary growth, anomaloussecondary growth (Dracaena, Boerhaavia, and Mirabilis). Phyllotaxy, anatomy of dicot and monocot leaf, Kranz anatomy. RAM anatomy, types of roots in monocots and dicots, quiescent centre, root-stem transition, secondary growth in dicot root, structuralmodifications in respiratory (Rhizophora) storage (Beta) and epiphytic(Vanda) roots. III History and scope of plant embryology, flower-a modified shoot, floralorgans. Microsporangium, its wall and dehiscence mechanism, microsporogenesis, pollen grains and its structure (pollen wall), scopeof palynology. Pollen-pistil interaction, self-incompatibility. Pollination types and agencies, pollen germination and development. IV Structure of megasporangium, megasporogenesis and megagametogenesis, types of female gametophyte. Double fertilization, endosperm types, embryogenesis in dicots andmonocots; polyembryony, apomixis. Structure of dicot and monocot seed, dispersal mechanisms in fruitsand seeds. V* • Study of meristems through permanent slides and photographs. • Tissues (parenchyma, collenchyma and sclerenchyma); Macerated xylary elements, Phloem (Permanent Slides of Stem: Monocot: Zea mays; Dicot: Helianthus; Secondary: Boerhaavia. • Preparation/observation of permanent Slides of Root: Monocot: Zea mays; Dicot: Helianthus. • Leaf: Dicot and Monocot leaf (Permanent slides). • Structure of anther (young and mature), tapetum (amoeboid and secretory) (Permanent slides). • Types of ovules: anatropous, orthotropous, circinotropous, amphitropous/campylotropous (Permanent slides). • Female gametophyte: Polygonum (monosporic) type of Embryo sac Development (Permanent slides/photographs).	f	andpermanent tissues, complex tissues, plant secretory tissues, mechanicaltissues and their distribution. Tissue systems (epidermal, ground and vascular), cambium, types of vascular bundles, vascular skeleton at nodes and internodes.	
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megagametogenesis, types of female gametophyte. Double fertilization, endosperm types, embryogenesis in dicots andmonocots; polyembryony, apomixis. Structure of dicot and monocot seed, dispersal mechanisms in fruitsand seeds. V* Study of meristems through permanent slides and photographs. Tissues (parenchyma, collenchyma and sclerenchyma); Macerated xylary elements, Phloem (Permanent slides, photographs) Preparation/observation of permanent Slides of Stem: Monocot: Zea mays; Dicot: Helianthus; Secondary: Boerhaavia. Preparation/observation of permanent Slides of Root: Monocot: Zea mays; Dicot: Helianthus. Leaf: Dicot and Monocot leaf (Permanent slides). Structure of anther (young and mature), tapetum (amoeboid and secretory) (Permanent slides). Types of ovules: anatropous, orthotropous, circinotropous, amphitropous/campylotropous (Permanent slides). Female gametophyte: Polygonum (monosporic) type of Embryo sac Development (Permanent slides/photographs).	,	floralorgans. Microsporangium, its wall and dehiscence mechanism, microsporogenesis, pollen grains and its structure (pollen wall), scopeof palynology. Pollen-pistil interaction, self-incompatibility.	III
 Tissues (parenchyma, collenchyma and sclerenchyma); Macerated xylary elements, Phloem (Permanent slides, photographs) Preparation/observation of permanent Slides of Stem: Monocot: Zea mays; Dicot: Helianthus; Secondary: Boerhaavia. Preparation/observation of permanent Slides of Root: Monocot: Zea mays; Dicot: Helianthus. Leaf: Dicot and Monocot leaf (Permanent slides). Structure of anther (young and mature), tapetum (amoeboid and secretory) (Permanent slides). Types of ovules: anatropous, orthotropous, circinotropous, amphitropous/campylotropous (Permanent slides). Female gametophyte: Polygonum (monosporic) type of Embryo sac Development (Permanent slides/photographs). 	S	megagametogenesis, types of female gametophyte. Double fertilization, endosperm types, embryogenesis in dicots andmonocots; polyembryony, apomixis. Structure of dicot and monocot seed, dispersal mechanisms in fruitsand	IV
 Ultrastructure of mature egg apparatus cells through electron micrographs (images/photographs). Pollination types and seed dispersal mechanisms (including appendages, aril, caruncle) (Photographs and specimens). Dissection of embryo/endosperm from developing seeds. 		 Tissues (parenchyma, collenchyma and sclerenchyma); Macerated xylary elements, Phloem (Permanent slides, photographs) Preparation/observation of permanent Slides of Stem: Monocot: <i>Zea mays</i>; Dicot: <i>Helianthus</i>; Secondary: <i>Boerhaavia</i>. Preparation/observation of permanent Slides of Root: Monocot: <i>Zea mays</i>; Dicot: <i>Helianthus</i>. Leaf: Dicot and Monocot leaf (Permanent slides). Structure of anther (young and mature), tapetum (amoeboid and secretory) (Permanent slides). Types of ovules: anatropous, orthotropous, circinotropous, amphitropous/campylotropous (Permanent slides). Female gametophyte: <i>Polygonum</i> (monosporic) type of Embryo sac Development (Permanent slides/photographs). Ultrastructure of mature egg apparatus cells through electron micrographs (images/photographs). Pollination types and seed dispersal mechanisms (including appendages, aril, caruncle) (Photographs and specimens). 	V*

Suggested Evaluation Methods Internal Assessment: ➤ Theory • Class Participation : 05 • Seminar/presentation/assignment/quiz/class test etc. : 05 • Mid-Term Exam : 10 ➤ Practical • Class Participation : NA • Seminar/Demonstration/Viva-voce/Lab records etc. : 10 • Mid-Term Exam : NA

Part C-Learning Resources

- Bryan G. Bowes 1999. A Colour Atlas of Plant Structure. Manson Publishing
- Cutter, E.G. 1969. Plant Anatomy Part-I, Cells and Tissues. Edward Arnold, London.
- Cutter, E.G. 1971. Plant Anatomy: Experiment and Interpretation. Part-II Organs, Edward Arnold London.
- Esau, K. 1977. Anatomy of Seed Plants, 2nd Edition. John Wiley & Sons, New York.
- Fahn, A. 1974. Plant Anatomy, 2nd Edition. Pergamon Press, Oxford.
- Hartmann, H.T. and Kestler, D.E. 1976. Plant Propagation; Principles and Practices. 3rdEdition.Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- King. J. 1997. Reaching for the Sun: How Plants Work. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, U.K.
- Mauseth, J.D. 1988. Plant Anatomy. The Benjamin/Cummings Publishing Company Inc., Menlo Park, California, USA.
- Pandey, B.P. 2012. Plant Anatomy. S. Chand & Co. Publisher
- Raven, P.H. Evert, R.F. and Eichhorn, S.E. 1999. Biology of Plants. 5th edition.W.R. Freeman and Co., Worth Publishers, New York.
- Sharma MK. Plant Structure (An Introduction To Plant Anatomy) JBC Press
- William C. Dickison 2015. Integrative Plant Anatomy. Academic Press
- Johri, B.M. (Ed.) 1984. Embryology of Angiosperms. Springer Verlag
- Bhojwani, S.S. & Bhatnagar, S.P. 2011. Embryology of Angiosperms. Vikas Publication House Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi. 5th edition.
- Fageri, K. and Van der Pijl 1979. The Principles of Pollination Ecology. Pergamon Press, Oxford.
- Hartmann, H.T. and Kestler, D.E. 1976. Plant Propagation; Principles and Practices. 3rd Edition. Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- King. J. 1997. Reaching for the Sun: How Plants Work. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, U.K.
- Maheshwari, P. 1950. An Introduction to the Embryology of Angiosperms. McGraw Hill
- Proctor, M. and Yeo, P. 1973. The Pollination of Flowers. William Collins Sons, London.
- Raven, P.H. Evert, R.F. and Eichhorn, S.E. 1999. Biology of Plants. 5th Edition. W.R.Freeman and Co., Worth Publishers, New York.
- Thomas, P. 2000. Trees: Their Natural History. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.

Session: 2024-25					
Part A - Introduction					
Subject BOTANY					
Semester	6 th	6 th			
Name of the Course Plant Pathology					
Course Code					
Course Type: (CC/MCC/MDC/CC-M/DSEC/VOC/DSE/PC/AEC/VAC)	MCC-12				
Level of the course (As per Annexure-I)	300)-399			
Pre-requisite for the course (if any)					
Course Learning Outcomes(CLO): After completing this course, the learner will be able to: 1. Understand the fundamental basis of plant-microbinteraction that leads to plant diseasesand measures to be adopted for plant health management. 2. Help the students to properly understand pathoge behavior, their interaction with host to develor resistant cultivars. 3. To understand disease cycle and management of microbial diseases. 4. To help the students for isolation, inoculation culturing, preservation, maintenance of microorganisms and handling of different instruments 5*. Students will be acquainted with methods for cultivation, preservation, and maintenance of microbial cultures; different sterilization methods; skills in isolation and handling of microbes.			t diseasesand measures to hanagement. erly understand pathogen with host to develop the and management of the resolution, inoculation, maintenance of the gof different instruments. The properties of the maintenance of the		
		Theory	Practical	Total	
Credits		3	1	4	
Contact Hours		3	2	5	
Max. Marks: 70 Internal Assessment Marks: 20 End Term Exam Marks: 50 PRACTICAL					
Max. Marks: 30 Internal Assessment Marks: 10 End Term Exam Marks: 20 Part B- Contents of the Course					

1. Nine questions will be set in all. All questions will carry equal marks.

2. Question No.1 will be short answer type covering the entire syllabus and will be compulsory. The remaining eight questions will be set unit wise selecting two questions from each unit. The candidate will be required to attempt question No. 1 and four more questions selecting one question from each unit.

Unit	Topics	Contact Hours
I	Disease concept; symptoms, etiology and causal complex; primary	11
	and secondary inoculation; infection, pathogenecity and	
	pathogenesis; necrotroph and biotroph; Koch's postulates; endemic,	
	epidemic, pandemic and sporadic disease; disease triangle; disease	

C	ycle (monocyclic, polycyclic and polyetic).					
II M	Mechanism of infection, role of environment and host nutrition on isease development, defence mechanism with special reference to hytoalexin, Local acquired resistance (LAR), Induced systemic	12				
d o	esistance (ISR) and systemic acquired resistance (SAR); RNAi as a efence mechanism; Genetics of resistance; 'R' genes; mechanism f genetic variation in pathogens; molecularbasis for resistance.					
la w g	symptoms, causal organism, disease cycle and control measures of: ate and early blight of potato, brown spot of rice, black stem rust of wheat, red rot of sugarcane, loose smut of wheat, downy mildew of rapes, apple scab, karnal bunt of wheat, green ear disease of bajra Sorghum), tikka disease of ground nut, bacterial blight of rice, ungro disease of rice, leaf curl of tomato, root knot.	11				
IV P ir p ar M (i	Plant disease management-quarantine, chemical, biological and ntegrated management; applications of biotechnology in plant athology; recombinant DNA technology, use of monoclonal ntibodies in plant pathology; Concepts in epidemiology, Monocyclic and polycyclic pathogens; Survey, surveillance including through remote sensing), and prediction and forecasting of diseases.	11				
V* •	specimens (rust, blight and rot). To study Gram staining of bacteria. Isolation of microorganisms from soil; study of colony characteristics of bacteria and fungi; preparation of pure culture of bacteria by streak plate method to obtain isolated colonies; streaking on slants. Testing quality of milk by methylene blue dye reduction test.	30				
T 4 1 1 1	Suggested Evaluation Methods	T 1/D				
Internal A	ssessment:	End Term Examination				
➤ Theory • Class	ss Participation : 05					
	ninar/presentation/assignment/quiz/class test etc.: 05	Theory: 50				
	d-Term Exam : 10	Practical: 20				
≻Practica	1					
	ss Participation : NA					
	ninar/Demonstration/Viva-voce/Lab records etc.: 10					
• Mid	I-Term Exam : NA					
	Part C-Learning Resources Recommended Rooks/e-resources/LMS:					

- Agrios GN. 2005. Plant Pathology. 5th Ed. Academic Press, New York.

 Heitefuss R & Williams PH. 1976. Physiological Plant Pathology. Springer Verlag, Berlin, New

- Mehrotra RS & Aggarwal A. 2003. Plant Pathology. 2nd Ed. Oxford & IBH, New Delhi.
- Singh RS. 2002. Introduction to Principles of Plant Pathology. Oxford & IBH, New Delhi.
- Singh DP & Singh A. 2007. Disease and Insect Resistance in Plants. Oxford & IBH, NewDelhi.
- Upadhyay RK & Mukherjee KG. 1997. Toxins in Plant Disease Development and EvolvingBiotechnology. Oxford & IBH, New Delhi.
- Chakravarti BP. 2005. Methods of Bacterial Plant Pathology. Agrotech, Udaipur.
- Jayaraman J & Verma JP. 2002. Fundamentals of Plant Bacteriology. Kalyani Publ., Ludhiana.

Session: 2024-25					
Part A - Introduction					
Subject	TANY				
Semester	6 th				
Name of the Course	Ag	Agroforestry			
Course Code	B2 :	3-BOT-603			
Course Type: (CC/MCC/MDC/CC-M/DSEC/VOC/DSE/PC/AEC/VAC)	DS	DSE-4			
Level of the course (As per Annexure-I)	300)-399			
Pre-requisite for the course (if any)					
Course Learning Outcomes(CLO): After completing this course, the learner will be able to 1. Students will have a comprehensive understanding concepts of agroforestry and geographical distribution crop plants. 2. Students will be able to learn about sustain agriculture parameters. 3. Students will develop comprehensive knowledge the cultivation of fruits crops. 4. Students will develop a comprehensive understanding forest management. 5*. Students will gain knowledge about the tools techniques used for agroforestry and forest management. Theory Practical Total			omprehensive understanding of and geographical distribution of the to learn about sustainable omprehensive knowledge about the comprehensive understanding of the about the tools and the tools are th		
Credits	3	<u> </u>	1	4	
Contact Hours	3		2	5	
		THEORY			
Max. Marks: 70 Internal Assessment Marks: 20 End Term Exam Marks: 50 Time: 3 Hours					
PRACTICAL					
Max. Marks: 30 Internal Assessment Marks: 10 End Term Exam Marks: 20 Time: 4 Hours					
Part B- Contents of the Course					

- 1. Nine questions will be set in all. All questions will carry equal marks.
- 2. Question No.1 will be short answer type covering the entire syllabus and will be compulsory. The remaining eight questions will be set unit wise selecting two questions from each unit. The candidate will be required to attempt question No. 1 and four more questions selecting one question from each unit.

Unit	Topics	Contact Hours
I	Principles of crop ecology and crop adaptation, climate shift and its ecological implications, Argo-ecological regions in India. Geographical distribution of crop plants, Greenhouse effect, Climatic factors and their effect on plant processes and crop productivity, Role of GIS and GPS in agriculture. Basis of classification of agroforestry systems and principles, indigenous vs. exotic, intraspecific variations, crown architecture of tropical/temperate trees; organizational set up of agricultural research, education and extension in India.	11
II	Essential plant nutrients and their deficiency symptoms, concept of essentiality of plant nutrients, Indicators of soil fertility and productivity; Sustainable agriculture: parameters and indicators, Conservation agriculture, safe disposal of Agri-industrial waste for crop production, Argo-forestry.	11
III	Layout and establishment of orchards: Pruning and training; propagation, climatic requirement and cultivation of fruits like mango, banana, citrus, guava, grape, pineapple, papaya, apple, pear, peach and plum; cultivation of plantation crops like coconut and cashew nut and spices like black pepper, coriander, turmeric, important physiological disorders.	12
IV	Forest: Importance, types, classification, forest management, silvicultural practices, shifting cultivation, taungya system, multiple and mixed cropping, alley cropping, silvopastoral systems tree diseases, wood decay and discoloration, tree pests, integrated pest and disease management, biological and chemical wood preservation, forest conservation, Indian forest policies, Indian forest act, forest engineering, forest economics, joint forest management and tribology.	11
V*	 Study of quantification interactions from tree–Crop Yield Performance Study of quantification from tree–Crop Interaction Models Study of allelopathic Interference from mulches of plant residue Study of allelopathic Interference from leaching and root exudation Study of microclimate modifications in agroforestry systems Study of effect of different plant mixtures in agroforestry systems. Study of tree-soil-crop interactions in agroforestry systems. Study of estimation of Land Equivalent Ratio of agroforestry systems. Study of measurement and interpretation of light interception in agroforestry systems Study of soil water and drainage measurement in agroforestry systems. Study of transpiration measurement in agroforestry systems. Study of quantification of root distribution in agroforestry systems. Study of use of line quantum sensor in agroforestry systems. Study of use of SPAD chlorophyll meter in agroforestry systems 	30

Suggested Evaluation Methods				
Internal Assessment:	End Term			
≻Theory	Examination			
 Class Participation: 05 Seminar/presentation/assignment/quiz/class test etc.: 05 Mid-Term Exam: 10 	Theory: 50 Practical: 20			
≻ Practical				
Class Participation : NA				
• Seminar/Demonstration/Viva-voce/Lab records etc.: 10				
Mid-Term Exam : NA				

Part C-Learning Resources

- Dwivedi AP. 1992. Agroforestry: Principles and Practices. Oxford and IBH.
- Dwivedi AP. 1993. A Text Book of Silviculture. International Book Distributors, Dehradun.
- Khanna LS. 1996. Principle and Practice of Silviculture. International Book Distributors.
- Smith DM, Larson BC, Ketty MJ & Ashton PMS. 1997. *The Practices of Silviculture Applied Forest Ecology*. John Wiley & Sons.
- Ram Parkash 1983. Forest Surveying. International Book Distr.
- Sharpe GW, Hendee CW & Sharpe WE. 1986. Introduction to Forestry. McGraw-Hill.
- Huxley P. 1999. *Tropical Agroforestry*. Blackwell.

Session: 2024-25				
Part A - Introduction				
Subject	BOTANY			
Semester	6 th			
Name of the Course	Post-harvest Technology of Fruits & Vegetables			
Course Code	B23-BOT-604			
Course Type: (CC/MCC/MDC/CC-M/DSEC/VOC/DSE/PC/AEC/VAC)	DSE-4			
Level of the course (As per Annexure-I)	300-399			
Pre-requisite for the course (if any)				
Course Learning Outcomes(CLO):	 After completing this course, the learner will be able to: To acquire knowledge about basichorticultural techniques and simple technologies used in reducing post-harvest losses and add value to horticultural products. To have knowledge of use of phytohormones & postharvest practices like handling of fruits and vegetables, their storage and preservation. To understand the marketing qualities of fruits and vegetables for export and local use. To understand various factors that cause post-harvest damage and strategies/methods to minimize the loss. 			
	5*. Students will gain knowledge about mechanism of ripening and maturity in different fruits and vegetables; reasons for loss, marketing quality and packaging methods for saleof fruits and vegetables			

	Theory	Practical	Total	
Credits	3	1	4	
Contact Hours	3	2	5	
	THEORY			
Max. Marks: 70				
Internal Assessment Marks: 20	Time: 3 H	Time: 3 Hours		
End Term Exam Marks: 50				
Max. Marks: 30				
Internal Assessment Marks: 10	Time: 4 H	ours		
End Term Exam Marks: 20				

Part B- Contents of the Course

- 1. Nine questions will be set in all. All questions will carry equal marks.
- 2. Question No.1 will be short answer type covering the entire syllabus and will be compulsory. The remaining eight questions will be set unit wise selecting two questions from each unit. The candidate will be required to attempt question No. 1 and four more questions selecting one question from each unit.

Unit	Topics	Contact Hours
I	Post-harvest technology of vegetable crops: scope and importance	11
	of post-harvest management, causes of post-harvest loss, Methods of	
	assessment of maturity, physiological and biochemical changes	
	during maturity and ripening, enzymatic changes; ethylene evolution	
	and management, change in texture; Influence of pre-harvest	
	practices on shelf life and post-harvest quality.	
II	Post-harvest technology of fruit crops: scope and importance of	12
	post-harvest management, causes of post-harvest loss, Methods of	
	assessment of maturity, physiological and biochemical changes	
	during maturity and ripening, enzymatic changes; ethylene evolution	
	and management, respiration, change in texture; Influence of pre-	
	harvest practices on shelf life and post-harvest quality.	
III	Climacteric and non-climacteric fruits and vegetables; harvesting	11
	methods and practices for specific market requirements; pre-cooling	
	methods, grading, washing, wax coating, edible coating, packaging	
	method and materials used; Maturity indices of fruits and	
	vegetables; Factors responsible for deterioration of harvested fruits	
	and vegetables; Artificial ripening of fruits and vegetables;	
	Preparation of processed products of fruits and vegetables.	
IV	Storage methods: cold storage, CA storage, zero energy cool	11
	chamber, hypobaric storage etc. Storage disorders: physical injury,	
	chilling injury, post-harvest diseases and pests; principles of	
	transport; food containers; food safety standards and export	
	standards; Processing waste management; Importance of post-	
	harvest management technology	

	V*	1.	Determination of maturity of fruits and vegetables by different	30
			methods- visual, physical, and chemical.	
		2.	Chemical analysis of fruits and vegetables at different stages of	
			maturity and ripening	
		3.	Chemical analysis of nutritive value of fresh and processed fruits	
			and vegetables	
		4.	To study microbial load on samples.	
		5.	Sensory analysis of fruits and vegetables: identification of basic	
			taste, odor, texture, color.	
		6.	Study of different packaging materials and systems for fruits and	
			vegetables.	
		7.	To study respiration rate and ethylene production in different	
			fruits and vegetables.	
Г				

Suggested Evaluation Methods

Suggested Evaluation Methods		
Internal Assessment:	End Term	
≻Theory	Examination	
 Class Participation: 05 Seminar/presentation/assignment/quiz/class test etc.: 05 Mid-Term Exam: 10 	Theory: 50 Practical: 20	
≻ Practical		
Class Participation : NA		
Seminar/Demonstration/Viva-voce/Lab records etc.: 10		
Mid-Term Exam : NA		

Part C-Learning Resources

- 1. Mir, Shabir Ahmad, Manzoor Ahmad Shah, and Mohammad Maqbool Mir, eds. Postharvest Biology and Technology of Temperate Fruits. Cham: Springer International Publishing, 2018. http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/978-3-319-76843-4.
- 2. Valero, Daniel. Postharvest biology and technology for preserving fruit quality. Boca Raton, FL: Taylor & Francis Group, 2010.
- 3. Florkowski, Wojciech J. Postharvest handling: A systems approach. 2nd ed. Amsterdam: Elsevier/Academic Press, 2009.
- 4. Paliyath, Gopinadhan. Postharvest biology and technology of fruits, vegetables, and flowers. Ames, Iowa: Wiley-Blackwell, 2008.
- 5. Chattopadhya SK. 2007. Handling, transportation, and storage of fruits and vegetables Gene-Tech books, New Delhi.
- 6. Sudheer, K. P. Indira, V. 2007: Postharvest Technology of Horticultural Crops, New India Publishing, Delhi.
- 7. Verma, L. R & Joshi, V. K. 2000: Postharvest Technology of Fruits and Vegetables, Indus Publishing House, Delhi.
- 8. Ramaswamy, Hosahalli, G. Vijaya Raghavan, AmalenduChakraverty, and Arun Mujumdar, eds. Handbook of Postharvest Technology. CRC Press, 2003. http://dx.doi.org/10.1201/9780203911310.

Session: 2024-25					
F	Part A - Introduction				
Subject	_	TANY	<u></u>		
Semester	6 th				
Name of the Course	GI	S and Remo	te Sensing		
Course Code		3-BOT-605			
Course Type: (CC/MCC/MDC/CC-		E-5			
M/DSEC/VOC/DSE/PC/AEC/VAC)					
Level of the course (As per	300)-399			
Annexure-I)					
Pre-requisite for the course (if any)					
Course Learning Outcomes(CLO):	Aft	er completin	g this course, the	learner will be able to:	
	1.	Understand			
	cha		•	te sensing satellites and	
		ir sensors.		C	
	2.	Acquire ski	lls in procuring	and analyzing remote	
				collection, and digital	
		otogrammetr			
	3.	Learn carto	graphy basics,	map projections, GPS	
	sys	tem elemen	ts, and interpre	etation of IRS satellite	
	images.				
	4.	Grasp GIS	concepts, integra	tion with RS data, and	
			-	loration, agriculture, and	
		rironmental a			
				e about the interpretation	
			relevant data	usingGIS and remote	
	sen	sing.			
		Theory	Practical	Total	
Credits		3	1	4	
Contact Hours		3	2	5	
		THEORY			
Max. Marks: 70					
Internal Assessment Marks: 20		Time: 3 Ho	ours		
End Term Exam Marks: 50					
PRACTICAL					
Max. Marks: 30					
Internal Assessment Marks: 10		Time: 4 Ho	ours		
End Term Exam Marks: 20					
Part B- Contents of the Course					

Part B- Contents of the Course

- 1. Nine questions will be set in all. All questions will carry equal marks.
- 2. Question No.1 will be short answer type covering the entire syllabus and will be compulsory. The remaining eight questions will be set unit wise selecting two questions from each unit. The candidate will be required to attempt question No. 1 and four more questions selecting one question from each unit.

Unit	Topics	Contact Hours
I	Remote sensing; history & development, satellites and their	12
	characteristics; LANDSAT; SPOT; IRS; IKONOS satellite series,	
	Meteorological satellites; INSAT; NOAA; GOES, sensors; MSS;	
	TM; LISS; WiFS; PAN, techniques and instruments for visual	

	interpretation and interpretation keys.	
II	Remote sensing data products and their procurement; ground truth	11
	collection, display forms; computer printouts; thematic maps; dot	
	density maps, digital photogrammetry; orthophotos; digital	
	orthophotography, theory of orientation relationship between	
	image and corresponding ground coordinates, collinearlity and	
	coplanarity of aerial photographs, aerial mosaics.	
III	Cartography; nature and scope, relation between digital	11
	cartography, RS & GIS, map projection; azimuthal, cylindrical,	
	conical and rectangular projection system, GPS system elements,	
	classification and signals, interpretation of different resolution IRS satellite images; LISS III, PAN and WiFS.	
IV	GIS; definition, concept and history, computer fundamentals,	11
	hardware and software requirements for GIS, integration of RS and	
	GIS data, types of GIS modelling, remote sensing in ground water	
	exploration, agriculture, agro-meteorology, soil erosion hazard	
	assessment and forest density mapping.	
V*	Land use / land cover mapping	30
	Identification of degraded lands	
	Land utilization mapping	
	Soil mapping	
	Crop estimation studies	
	Identification of forest species from aerial photographs	
	Vegetation mapping from satellite images	
	Digital image enhancements for vegetation/forest	
	NDVI analysis	
	Digital classification for forest cover mapping	
	Forest change detection studies	
	Suggested Evaluation Methods	

Internal Assessment:	End Term Examination
≻Theory	Examination
• Class Participation : 05	Theory : 50
• Seminar/presentation/assignment/quiz/class test etc. : 05	Theory: 50 Practical: 20
Mid-Term Exam : 10	Practical: 20
≻ Practical	
Class Participation : NA	
• Seminar/Demonstration/Viva-voce/Lab records etc. : 10	
Mid-Term Exam : NA	
D. A.C. I D	

Part C-Learning Resources

- Campbell, J.B.2002: Introduction to Remote Sensing. Taylor Publications
- Drury, S.A., 1987: Image Interpretation in Geology. Allen and Unwin
- Gupta, R.P., 1990: Remote Sensing Geology. Springer Verlag
- Jensen, J.R. 2000: Remote Sensing of the Environment: An Earth Resource Perspective. Prentice Hall.
- Anji Reddy, M. 2004: Geoinformatics for Environmental Management.B.S. Publications
- Mishra R.P and Ramesh A. 1989: Fundamentals of Cartography. Concept Publishing Company
- Nag P. and Kudrat M. 1998: Digital Remote Sensing. Concept Publication

Session: 2024-25					
P	Part A - Introduction				
Subject	BC	TANY			
Semester	6 th				
Name of the Course	Ev	olutionary a	nd Behavioural	Biology	
Course Code	B2 :	3-BOT-606			
Course Type: (CC/MCC/MDC/CC-	DS	E-5			
M/DSEC/VOC/DSE/PC/AEC/VAC)					
Level of the course (As per	300)-399			
Annexure-I)					
Pre-requisite for the course (if any)					
Course Learning Outcomes(CLO):	Aft	er completin	g this course, the	learner will be able to:	
			-	nensive understanding of	
		ncepts of evol			
			be able to under	stand molecular basis of	
		olution.			
				nprehensive knowledge	
	about population genetics.				
	4. Students will develop a comprehensive understanding				
	of behavioural biology.				
			•	lge about the tools and	
			•	ng evolutionary and	
	bei	navioural bio	Practical	Total	
Condita		Theory	Practical		
Credits Contact Hours		3	2	5	
Contact Hours		THEORY	<u> </u>	3	
Max. Marks: 70		ITEURI			
Internal Assessment Marks: 20		Times 2 H	NI MC		
Internal Assessment Marks: 20 End Term Exam Marks: 50 Time: 3 Hours					
PRACTICAL					
Max. Marks: 30					
Internal Assessment Marks: 10 Time: 4 Hours					
End Term Exam Marks: 20					
Part B- Contents of the Course					

1. Nine questions will be set in all. All questions will carry equal marks.

2. Question No.1 will be short answer type covering the entire syllabus and will be compulsory. The remaining eight questions will be set unit wise selecting two questions from each unit. The candidate will be required to attempt question No. 1 and four more questions selecting one question from each unit.

Unit	Topics	Contact Hours
I	Lamarck; Darwin-concepts of variation, adaptation, struggle,	11
	fitness and natural selection; Mendelism; spontaneity of mutations;	
	the evolutionary synthesis; the evolutionary time scale; eras,	
	periods and epoch; major events in the evolutionary time scale;	
	origins of unicellular and multi cellular organisms; stages in plant	
	evolution.	
II	Approaches and methods in study of behaviour; proximate and	12

	ultimate causation; altruism and evolution, group selection, kin	
	selection, reciprocal altruism; biological clocks; development of	
	behaviour; use of space and territoriality; mating systems, parental	
	investment and reproductive success; parental care.	
III	Concept of environment; biotic and abiotic interactions, concept of	11
	habitat and niche; characteristics of a population; population	
	growth curves; r and K selection; concepts of species interactions.	
IV	Nature of communities; community structure and attributes; levels	11
	of species diversity and its measurement; edges and ecotones;	
	ecological succession and concept of climax; energy flow and	
	mineral cycling (C, N, P); biogeographical zones of India; hotpots	
	and Ramsar sites.	
V*	Study of convergence and divergence.	30
ľ		30
	Construction of phylogenetic trees.	
	Study of floral-pollinator relationship.	
	Study of territoriality in animals.	
	• Study of interaction between native and invasive plant species.	
	• Study of interaction between native and invasive plant species.	
	Study of different seed dispersal mechanisms.	
	To measure pH, EC and TDS of different soil samples.	
	To measure pH, EC and TDS of different water samples.	
	<u> </u>	
	Study of NTFPs in surrounding area.	
	To study density and abundance of plants by quadrate method.	
	To calculate biodiversity indices of herbaceous vegetations.	
	Suggested Evaluation Mathada	

C	T14'	N / - 41 1
Suggested	Evaluation	vielioas

Internal Assessment:	End Term
≻Theory	Examination
 Class Participation: 05 Seminar/presentation/assignment/quiz/class test etc.: 05 Mid-Term Exam: 10 	Theory: 50 Practical: 20
≻Practical	
Class Participation : NA	
Seminar/Demonstration/Viva-voce/Lab records etc.: 10	
Mid-Term Exam : NA	

Part C-Learning Resources

- Hall, B.K., & Hallgrímsson, B. (2013). *Strickberger's Evolution* (5th ed.). Jones and Bartlett Publishers.
- Klug, W.S., Cummings, M.R., Spencer, C.A., Palladino, M.A., & Killian, D. (2019). *Concepts of Genetics* (11th ed.). Pearson publishers.
- Russel, P.J. (2016). *iGenetics: A Molecular Approach* (3rd ed.). Pearson publishers.
- Snustad, D.P, & Simmons, M.J. (2015). *Principles of Genetics* (7th ed.). Wiley, Hoboken.
- Brown, T.A. (2011). *Introduction to Genetics: A Molecular Approach*. (1st ed.). Garland Science.
- Davies, N.B., Krebs, J.R., & West, S.A. (2012). An Introduction to Behavioural Ecology (4th ed.). Wiley-Blackwell.

Session: 2024-25					
	Part A-Intro	oduction			
Subject	BOTANY				
Semester	3 rd				
Name of the Course	Organic Farming				
Course Code	B23-VOC-109				
CourseType:(CC/MCC/MDC/CC-M/DSEC/VOC/DSE/PC/AEC/VAC)	VOC-1				
Level ofthecourse(As perAnnexure-I	100-199				
Pre-requisite for the course(ifany)					
Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):	Aftercompletingthiscourse, thelearnerwillbeableto: 1: Students will be able to understand the need and concept to forganic and integrated farming system. 2: Students will develop a conceptual understanding of plant nutrients, utilization of biofertilizers. 3: Students will gain knowledge about the disease and pest management 4: Students will learn about the use of plant products in organic farming, quality control and certification procedures of organic products. 5*. Students will gain the knowledge of practical aspects of organic andintegrated farming system, role ofnutrient in plant growth, utilization of plant and animal waste in organic farming, and also learn about the standardization procedures.				
Credits	Theory	Practical	Total		
	2	2	4		
Contact Hours	2	4	6		
	THEO				
Max. Marks: 50 Internal Assessment Marks: 15 End TermExamMarks: 35		Time: 3 Hours			
	PRACT	TICAL			
Max.Marks: 50 Internal Assessment Marks: 15 End Term Exam Marks: 35		Time: 4 Hours			
Part B-Contents of the Course					

- 1. Nine questions will be set in all. All questions will carry equal marks.
- 2. Question No.1 will be short answer type covering the entire syllabus and will be compulsory. The remaining eightquestions will be set unit wise selecting two questions from each unit. The candidate will be required to attempt questionNo.1 andfourmore questions selectingonequestionfromeach unit.

Unit	Topics	Contact Hours
Ι	Basics of organic farming – Concept and components of organic farming, aims and objectives; Need of organic farming; Historical development to organic farming in India; Status of organic farming in India; Advantages and disadvantages of organic farming. Organic farming process-Concep to farming system, Developing organic farms, Important steps & methods; Pure organic farming and integrated farming system (combination of organic and inorganic).	7
II	Plantnutrients: Essential plantnutrients, their role in plant growth and development, Nutrient uptake and utilization by plant. Nutrient management inorganic farming: Balanced nutrients supply for organic farming system using nutrients from organic sources. Preparation, nutrient content andmethods of use of following- FYM/Rural compost, mulching, city compost, oil cakes, animal wastes, vermicomposts, vermiwash, jeevamrit, beejamrit, green manures, biofertilizers.	7
III	Biofertilizers and their method of use–Nitrogenous, Phosphatic, Potassic, availability of nutrients from above sources. Recycling of organic matter in organic agriculture-Transformation of organic substances in soil. Disease and pest management in organic farming-Integrated pest & disease managements; Organic pesticides, bio-pesticides; Inorganic pesticides, disadvantages of their use; Seed, seedling and soil treatment measures; Feasibility of complete dependence onorganic sources. Weed management in organic farming	
IV	Use of Neem and other plant products in organic farming; Organic agrihorticulture in urban ; urban areas. Certification, Standardization, Marketing-Quality control and certification procedures of organic products. Organic standards In India. Govt. schemes related to organic farming in India. Potential demand and Marketing of organic products. Organic farmingand food security in India.	8
V*	 Preparation of compost by open air composting. Preparation of vermicompost. Comparative analysis of plants grown in compost prepared in 1 and 2. Determining the effectiveness of neem extract in pest control. Comparative analysis of plants grown in the presence of organic and inorganic fertilizers. Comparative analysis of nitrogen content inorganic and inorganic fertilizers. Comparative analysis of phosphorous content inorganic and inorganic fertilizers. 	60

Suggested Evaluation Methods		
Internal Assessment: ≻Theory	End Term Examination	
 Class Participation: 04 Seminar/presentation/assignment/quiz/class test etc.: 04 Mid-Term Exam: 07 Practical Class Participation: 05 Seminar/Demonstration/Viva-voce/Lab records etc.: 10 Mid-Term Exam: NA 	Theory: 35 Practical: 35	
Mid-Term Exam:		

Part C-Learning Resources

- Chandran, S., Unni M.R., Thomas, S.Meena, D.K. 2023. Organic Farming: Global Perspectives and Methods. Elsevier.
- <u>Somasundaram</u>, E. <u>Udhaya Nandhini</u>, D., <u>Meyyappan</u>, M. 2021. Principles of Organic Farming. CRC Press.
- Chandran, S., Thomas, S., Unni M.R. 2019. Organic Farming: New Advances Towards Sustainable Agricultural Systems. Springer.
- Girib, Prasad, R. Qiang-Sheng, W. & Varma A. 2019. Biofertilizers for sustainable agriculture and environment (Soil Biology Book 55). Springer.
- Chandran, S., Unni M.R., Thomas, S. 2018. Organic Farming: Global Perspectives and Methods. Elsevier.
- Subbarao, N.S. 2017. Bio-fertilizers in Agriculture and Forestry. MedTech Publishers. 4th edition.
- Hermary, H. 2007. Working with nature. Gaia College Inc.

	Session: 2024	-25				
Pa	art A–Introdu	ction				
Subject	BOTANY					
Semester	4 th					
Name of the Course	Floriculture					
Course Code	B23-VOC-209					
CourseType:(CC/MCC/ MDC/CC- M/DSEC/VOC/DSE/PC/AEC/VAC)	VOC-2					
Level ofthecourse(As perAnnexure-I	100-199					
Pre-requisiteforthecourse(ifany)						
CourseLearningOutcomes (CLO):	Aftercompletingthiscourse, thelearnerwillbeableto: 1. Students will be able to understand the importance and scope of floriculture, management of nursery and gardens, methods of plant propagation. 2. Students will develop a conceptual understanding of different types of ornamental plants. 3. Students will gain knowledge about the various types of garden sand importance of landscaping. 4. Students will learn about commercial floriculture and cultivation of important cutflowers. 5*. Students will gain the knowledge of practical aspects of floriculture, management of nursery, maintenance of gardens, vaselife of cutflowers, various methods used for the propagation of ornamental plants, hydroponics, and disease management.					
Credits	Theory	Practical	Total			
	2	2	4			
ContactHours	2	4	6			
Max. Marks: 50	THEORY	ne: 3 Hours				
Internal Assessment Marks: 15 End Term Exam Marks: 35						
PRACTICAL						
Max. Marks: 50 Internal Assessment Marks: 15 End Term Exam Marks: 35	Tin	ne: 4 Hours				

Part B-Contents of the Course

- 1. Ninequestionswillbesetinall. Allquestionswill carryequalmarks.
- 2. Question No.1 will be short answer type covering the entire syllabus and will be compulsory. The remaining eightquestionswill be set unit wise selecting two questions from each unit. The candidate willbe required to attemptquestionNo.1 andfourmore questions selectingone questionfromeach unit.

Unit	Topics	Contact Hours
I	Introduction: History, importance andscope of floriculture and landscape gardening. Nursery management and routine garden operations: Sexual and vegetative methods of propagation; Soilsterilization; Seedsowing; Pricking; Planting and transplanting; Shading; Stopping or pinching; Defoliation; Wintering; Mulching; Topiary; Role of plant growth regulators	7
II	Ornamental Plants: Flowering annuals; Herbaceous perennials; Divine vines; Shadeand ornamental trees; Ornamental bulbous and foliage plants; Cacti and succulents; Palms and Cycads; Ferns and Selaginellas; Cultivation of plants in pots; Indoor gardening; Bonsai.	7
III	Principles of Garden Designs: English, Italian, French, Persian, Mughal and Japanese gardens; Features of a garden (garden wall, fencing, steps, hedge, edging, lawn, flower beds, shrubbery, borders, water garden. Some famous gardens of India. Landscaping of places of public importance: Landscaping highways and educational institutions.	8
IV	Commercial floriculture: Factors affecting flower production; Production and packaging of cutflowers; Flower arrangements; Methods to prolong vaselife. Cultivation of Important cut flowers-Carnation, Aster, Chrysanthemum, Dahlia, Gerbera, Gladiolous, Marigold, Rose, Lilium). Diseases and Pests of Ornamental Plants.	
V*	 Plant propagation by cutting. Plant propagation by grafting. Plant propagation by air-layering. Investigating the effect of different flower preservatives on the vase life of common ornamental flowers. Setting up a laboratory scale hydroponics set up. Preparation of different types of floral arrangements. Morpho-anatomical study of different types of flowers. Study of different diseases in ornamental plants. 	60

Suggested Evaluation Methods		
Internal Assessment: ➤ Theory	End Term Examination	
 Class Participation: 04 Seminar/presentation/assignment/quiz/class test etc.: 04 Mid-Term Exam: 07 	Theory: 35 Practical: 35	
 ➤ Practical Class Participation: 05 Seminar/Demonstration/Viva-voce/Lab records etc.: 10 Mid-Term Exam: NA 		

Part C-Learning Resources

- Singh, A.K. & Kumar A. 2023. Plant Propagation and Nursery management. S.K. Kataria and sons.
- Arora, J.S. 2016. Introductory Ornamental Horticulture. Kalyani Publishers. 8th edition.
- Jain, S.M. &Ochatt, S.J. 2009. Protocols for invitro propagation of ornamental plants: 598 (Methods in Molecular Biology). Humana Press.
- Prasad S & Kumar U. 2003. Commercial Floriculture. Agrobios
- Lauria A & Victor HR. 2001. Floriculture—Fundamentals and Practices Agrobios.

Session: 2024-25		
Part A-Introduction		
Subject	BOTANY	
Semester	5 th	
Name of the Course	Nursery and Gardening	
Course Code	B23-VOC-217	
Course Type: (CC/MCC/MDC/CC- M/DSEC/VOC/DSE/PC/AEC/VAC)	VOC-3	
Level of the course(As per Annexure-I	100-199	
Pre-requisite for the course(if any)		

Course LearningOutcomes (CLO):	_	After completing this course, the learner will be		
	ableto: 1. Students will be able to understand the infrastructure of nursery, seed production technology 2. Students will develop a conceptual understanding the gardening procedure and, management of pest and diseases. 3. Students will gain knowledge about the vegetative propagation methods. 4. Students will learn about cultivation of different vegetables and flowers. 5*. Students will gain the knowledge of practical aspects of management of nursery, gardens, vegetative propagation methods, and cultivation of different vegetables and flowers.			
Credits	Theory	Practical	Total	
	2	2	4	
Contact Hours	2	4	6	
	THEORY			
Max. Marks: 50 Internal Assessment Marks: 15 End Term Exam Marks: 35		Time: 3 Hours		
	PRACTICAL			
Max. Marks: 50 Internal Assessment Marks: 15 End Term Exam Marks: 35		Time: 4 Hours		
1				

- 1. Nine questions will be set in all. All questions will carry equal marks.
- 2. Question No.1 will be short answer type covering the entire syllabus and will be compulsory. Theremaining eight questions will be set unit wise selecting two questions from each unit. The candidate will be required to attempt question No.1 and four more questions selecting one question from each unit.

Unit	Topics	Contact Hours
	Nursery: Definition, objectives and scope and building up of infrastructure for nursery, planning and seasonal activities—planting, direct seeding and transplants. Seed: Structure and types -Seed dormancy; causes and methods ofbreakingdormancy Seed storage: Seed banks, factors affecting seed viability, genetic erosion. Seed production technology: Seed testing and certification.	7

II	Gardening: definition, objectives and scope- different types of gardening-landscape and home gardening-parks and its components-plant materials and design.	7	
	Gardening operations: Soil laying, manuring, watering, management of pests and diseases and harvesting, sowing/raising of seeds and seedlings, transplanting of seedlings. Computer applications in landscaping.		
III	Vegetative propagation: air-layering, cutting, selection of cutting, collecting season, treatment of cutting, rooting medium and planting of cuttings. Hardening of plants - greenhouse - mist chamber, shed root, shade house and glass house.	8	
IV	Cultivation of different vegetables: Cabbage, Brinjal, Lady's finger, Onion, Tomatoes and carrots Cultivation of different flowers: Marigold, Lilium, Rose, Gerbera, Gladiolus, Chrysanthemum and Carnation. Storage and marketing procedures.	8	
V*	 Study of seed dormancy breakage by scarification and stratification. Investigating the effect of different environmental conditions on seed germination. 	60	
	 Study of different tools used in gardening. Bed preparation for growth of seedlings. Raising of seedlings and transplantation. Comparing the effects of different pruning methods, such a stopping, thinning, orpinching, onplantgrowth, branching patterns, and flower production. Study of different methods of vegetative propagation. 		
	Suggested Evaluation Methods		
Internal	Assessment:	End Term	
≻Theor	y	Examination	
• C • S • M	ellass Participation: 04 eminar/presentation/assignment/quiz/class test etc.: 04 fid-Term Exam: 07	Theory: 35 Practical: 35	
>Practi			
• S	class Participation : 05 eminar/Demonstration/Viva-voce/Lab records etc. : 10 Mid-Term Exam : NA		

Part C-Learning Resources

- Singh, A.K. &KumarA. 2023. Plant Propagation and Nursery management. S.K. Kataria and sons.
- Ray, P.K. 2021. Essentials of Plant nursery management. Scientific publishers, India. 2nd edition.
- Taiz, L., Zeiger, E., Moller, I.M. and Murphy, A. 2015. Plant Physiology and Development. Sinauer AssociatesInc. USA. 6th edition.
- Ray, P.K. 2012. Plant nursery management: how to start and operate a plant nursery. Scientific publishers, India.
- Sinha, N.K., Hui, Y.H. 2011. Handbook of vegetables & vegetable processing. Wiley-Blac, A John Wiley & Sons, Ltd.
- Jain, S.M. & Ochatt, S.J. 2009. Protocols for invitro propagation of ornamental plants: 598 (Methods in Molecular Biology). Humana Press.
- Hopkins, W.G. and Huner, A. 2008. Introduction to Plant Physiology. John Wiley and Sons. U.S.A. 4th edition.
- Mason, J. 2004. Nursery management. Landlinks Press.

Session: 2024-25 Part A-Introduction		
Semester	6 th	
Name of the Course	Mushroom Cultivation	
Course Code	B23-VOC-309	
Course Type: (CC/MCC/MDC/CC-M/DSEC/VOC/DSE/PC/AEC/VAC)	VOC-4	
Level of the course (As per Annexure-I	100-199	
Pre-requisite for the course (if any)		
Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):	After completing this course, the learner will be able to: 1. Students will be able to understand the nutritional and medicinal value of edible mushrooms. 2: Students will develop a conceptual understanding of various procedure and techniques used for mushroom cultivation. 3: Students will gain knowledge about the storage procedure of different types of fedible mushrooms. 4: Students will earn about different types of food prepared from mushrooms and their medicinal value.	
	5*. Students will gain the knowledge of practical aspects of mushroom cultivation	

Credits	Theory	Practical	Total
	2	2	4
Contact Hours	2	4	6

THEORY

Max.Marks: 50 Time: 3 Hours

Internal Assessment Marks: 15 End Term Exam Marks: 35

PRACTICAL

Max.Marks: 50 Time: 4 Hours

Internal Assessment Marks: 15 End Term Exam Marks: 35

Part B-Contents of the Course

- 1. Nine questions will be set in all. All questions will carry equal marks.
- 2. Question No.1 will be short answer type covering the entire syllabus and will be compulsory. The remaining eight questions will be set unit wise selecting two questions from each unit. The candidate will be required to attempt question No. 1 and four more questions selecting one question from each unit.

Unit	Topics	Contact Hours
I	Introduction, nutritional and medicinal value of edible mushrooms; poisonous mushrooms, types of edible mushrooms available in India-Volvariellavolvacea, Pleurotuscitrinopileatus, Agaricus bisporus. Required in frastructure: substrates (locally available), polythene bags, vessels, inoculation hook, inoculation loop, low-cost stoves, sieves, cultureracks, mushroomunit (that ched house), water sprayer, tray etc.	7
II	Pureculture: medium, sterilization, preparation of spawn, multiplication. Mushroom bed preparation-paddy straw, sugarcane trash, maize straw, banana leaves, Factors affecting the mushroom bed preparation- low-cost technology, composting technology in mushroom production	7
III	Storage: short term storage, long term storage (canning, pickels, papads), drying, storagein salt solutions. Nutritional value of some common commercially available mushrooms: proteins, amino acids, mineral elements nutrition, carbohydrates, crude fibre content and vitamins.	8
IV	Foodpreparation: type of food sprepared from mushrooms. Medicinal value of edible mushrooms. Researchcentres: National level and regional level. Cost benefit ratio: marketing in India and abroad. Export value.	8

V*	1. Sterilization of media for spawn preparation.	60
	2. Preparation of spawn and multiplication.	
	3. Preparation of mushroom bed with different substrates.	
	4. Cultivation of <i>Pleurotuss</i> p.	
	5. Cultivation of <i>Agaricus</i> sp.	
	Evaluation of total soluble sugar content of commonly available mushrooms.	
	7. Evaluation of total protein content of commonly available mushrooms.	
	8. Preparation of dried mushroom powder for longer storage and its nutrient evaluation.	

Suggested Evaluation Methods		
Internal Assessment:	End Term	
≻Theory	Examination	
 Class Participation: 04 Seminar/presentation/assignment/quiz/class test etc.: 04 Mid-Term Exam: 07 	Theory: 35 Practical: 35	
>Practical		
 Class Participation :05 Seminar/Demonstration/Viva-voce/Lab records etc. : 10 Mid-Term Exam : NA 		

Part C-Learning Resources

- Bray, R. 2019. Mushroom cultivation: 12 ways to become the MacGyver of Mushrooms. Urban Home steading.
- Kumaresan, V.2018. Mushroom cultivation. Saras Publication.
- Russell, S. 2014. The essential guide to cultivating mushrooms: Simple and advanced techniques for growing Shiitake, Oyster, Lion's mane and Maitake mushrooms at home. Storey publishing LLC.
- Gour, P.Y. 2010. Mushroom Production and Processing Technology. Agrobios India.
- Powell, M. 2010. Medicinal mushrooms: A clinical guide. MycologyPress.
- Cheung, P.C. 2008. Mushrooms as Functional foods. Willey-Interscience.
- Tripathi, D.P. 2005. Mushroom Cultivation. Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. PVT. LTD, New Delhi.
- Paul Stamets, J.S. & Chilton, J.S. 2004. Mushroom cultivation: A practical guide to growing mushrooms at home, Agarikon Press.
- Chang, S.F. Miles, P.G. & Chang, S.T. 2004. Mushrooms Cultivation, nutritional value, medicinal effect and environmental impact. CRC press. 2nd edition.
- Bahl, N. 2000. Handbook on Mushrooms.Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd.

Session: 2024-25			
Part A - Introduction			
Subject	BOTANY		
Semester	3rd		
Name of the Course	Plant Hybridization	1	
Course Code	B23-SEC-304		
Course Type: (CC/MCC/MDC/CC- M/DSEC/VOC/DSE/PC/AEC/VAC)	SEC-3		
Level of the course (As per Annexure-I)	100-199		
Pre-requisite for the course (if any)			
Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):	After completing this course, the learner will be able to: 1. Gain knowledge of plant reproductive structures and processes, including flower anatomy, pollination mechanisms, and fertilization 2. Comprehend the basic principles and concepts of plant hybridization 3. Learn practical skills in plant hybridization techniques 4. Foundational understanding of plant breeding principles 5*. Gain knowledge about the floral structures and underlying plant breeding techniques.		
Credits	Theory	Practical	Total
	2	1	3
Contact Hours	2	2	4
THEORY			
Max. Marks: 50 Internal Assessment Marks: 15 End Term Exam Marks: 35		Time: 3 Hours	
PRACTICAL			
Max. Marks: 25 Internal Assessment Marks: 05 End Term Exam Marks: 20		Time: 4 Hours	

- 1. Nine questions will be set in all. All questions will carry equal marks.
- 2. Question No.1 will be short answer type covering the entire syllabus and will be compulsory. The remaining eight questions will be set unit wise selecting two questions from each unit. The candidate will be required toj attempt question No. 1 and four more questions selecting one question from each unit.

Unit	Topics	Contact Hours
I	General objectives of plant breeding Major achievements, Future Prospects. Self-incompatibility- Definition, classification, heteromorphic SI, homomorphic SI i.e. gametophytic SI and sporophytic SI, utilization of self-incompatibility in plant breeding	7
II	Definition and concept of population genetics, random mating population, gene and genotypic frequency Hardy-Weinberg law- Law, its validity, factors affecting gene frequency Heterosis- Definition, heterosis and hybrid vigour, effects and estimation of heterosis, genetic basis/theories of heterosis Inbreeding depression-Definition, effects of inbreeding.	7
III	Hybridization techniques- Definition, aim and objectives, types of hybridization, steps and procedure of hybridization programme choice of parents, evaluation of parents, emasculation — different methods, bagging, tagging, pollination, harvesting and storing of the F1 seeds and selfing, consequences of hybridization Wide hybridization- Definition, types, main features, interspecific and intergeneric hybridization, its examples, incompatibility barriers for wide hybridization, techniques for overcoming incompatibility barriers, achievements.	8
IV	Methods of breeding in self-pollinated crops- Pure line selection, mass selection, pedigree method, bulk method. Methods of breeding in cross pollinated crops- list of plant breeding methods for cross pollinated crops	8

	Modes of selection- Recurrent selection, its types and its procedure			
V*	1. Study of floral structure of self- pollinated crops.	30		
	2. Study of floral structure of cross pollinated crops.			
	3. Emasculation methods: hand, hot water, cold water, alcohol, suction, chemical emasculation			
	4. Designs used in plant breeding experiment			
	5. Study of male sterility system			
	6. To test pollen viability/incompatibility			
	Curacital Evaluation Mathada			

Internal Assessment:	End Term Examination
 Theory Class Participation: 04 Seminar/presentation/assignment/quiz/class test etc.: 04 Mid-Term Exam: 07 	Theory: 35 Practical: 20
≻Practical	
Class Participation : NA	
• Seminar/Demonstration/Viva-voce/Lab records etc.: 05	
Mid-Term Exam : NA	

Part C-Learning Resources

- 1. Plant Breeding Principles and Methods by B.D. Singh, Kalyani publication, New Delhi
- 2. Essentials of Plant Breeding by Phundan Singh, Kalyani Publication New Delhi
- 3. Principles and Practices Plant Breeding by J. R. Sharma, McGraw Hill Publishing company Limited, New Delhi.
- 4. Plant Breeding Theory and Practices by V.L. Chopra, Oxford and IBH. Publishing Company, New Delhi.
- 5. Introduction to Plant Breeding by R.C. Choudhary, Oxford and IBH. Publishing Company, New Delhi.
- 6. Elementary Principles of Plant Breeding by R.C. Choudhary, Oxford and IBH. Publishing Company, New Delhi.

Session: 2024-25				
Part A - Introduction				
Subject BOTANY				
Semester	3 rd			
Name of the Course	Vertical Farming			
Course Code	B23-SEC-305			
Course Type: (CC/MCC/MDC/CC- M/DSEC/VOC/DSE/PC/AEC/VAC)	SEC-3			
Level of the course (As per Annexure-I	100-199	100-199		
Pre-requisite for the course (if any)				
Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):	After completing this course, the learner will be able to: 1. Understand the principles and concepts of vertical farming systems such as such as hydroponics, aeroponics, and aquaponics 2. Learn how to select suitable crops for vertical farming and understand best practices for their cultivation 3. Understand the principles of designing and planning a vertical farm 4. Explore the economic aspects of vertical farming, including business models, market trends, and the financial viability of vertical farming 5*. Gain knowledge and hand on experience in growing plants under various conditions and systems of vertical farming			
Credits	Theory	Practical	Total	
	2	1	3	
Contact Hours	2	2	4	
	THEORY			
Max. Marks: 50 Internal Assessment Marks: 15 End Term Exam Marks: 35		Time: 3 Hours		

PRACTICAL		
Max. Marks: 25 Internal Assessment Marks: 05 End Term Exam Marks: 20	Time: 4 Hours	

- 1. Nine questions will be set in all. All questions will carry equal marks.
- 2. Question No. 1 will be short answer type covering the entire syllabus and will be compulsory. The remaining eight questions will be set unit wise selecting two questions from each unit. The candidate will be required to attempt question No. 1 and four more questions selecting one question from each unit.

Unit	Topics	Contact Hours	
I	Vertical farming: concept, application and future prospects, vertical farms in India and world	7	
	Media used in vertical farming, design and working of vertical farms		
	Types of vertical farms: abandoned buildings, shipping-container, underground		
II	Methods of vertical farming, selection of appropriate plants for vertical farming	7	
	Introduction to Hydroponics and its types, Management of variables, disinfection of system, pest management.		
	Aeroponics and Aquaponics		
III	Propagation of crops: sexual and asexual propagation, its advantages and disadvantages; different methods of asexual propagation: cutting, layering, budding, grafting; factors influencing successful grafting/budding union, selection of buds; propagation of plants using specialized parts.	8	
IV	Rooftop farming/greenhouses: strategies/technological solutions for management of climate, lightning, carbon dioxide enrichment and other parameters Opportunities & amp; advantages of vertical farming- Environmental and economic benefits. Challenges for sustainability of vertical farming.	8	
V*	 To grow plants under hydroponics and aeroponics Compare the rate of growth and vigor of hydroponically grown plants (under nutrient-rich and nutrient-deficient water conditions. To study the aquaponics system in reference to simultaneously grown plants and fish in the same system 	30	

- 4. To study sustainable farming techniques for urban areas.
- 5. Compare the rate of growth and vigor of aeroponically grown plants (under nutrient-rich and nutrient-deficient mist/fog conditions)
- 6. To study the wind-powered vertical farming tower

Theory: 35

Practical: 20

Internal Assessment: End Term ➤ Theory Examination

• Class Participation: 04

• Seminar/presentation/assignment/quiz/class test etc.: 04

• Mid-Term Exam: 07

≻Practical

• Class Participation : NA

• Seminar/Demonstration/Viva-voce/Lab records etc.: 05

• Mid-Term Exam : NA

Part C-Learning Resources

- Meier Schwarz. (1995). Soilless Culture Management. Advanced Series in Agricultural Sciences, vol 24. Springer, Berlin.
- Hasan, M.; Sabir, N.; Singh, A.K.; Singh, M.C.; Patel, N.; Khanna, M.; Rai, T.; and Pragnya, P. (2018). Hydroponics Technology for Horticultural Crops, Tech. Bull. TB-ICN 188/2018. Publ. by I.A.R.I., New Delhi.
- Misra, R.L., Misra S. (2017). Soilless Crop production. Daya Publishing House
- Dickson Despommier and Majora Carter (2011). The Vertical Farm: Feeding the World in the 21st Century. Picador Publications

Session: 2024-25		
Part A - Introduction		
Subject	BOTANY	
Semester	3 rd	
Name of the Course	Olericulture	
Course Code	B23-SEC-306	
Course Type: (CC/MCC/MDC/CC- M/DSEC/VOC/DSE/PC/AEC/VAC)	SEC-3	

Level of the course (As per Annexure-I	100-109		
Pre-requisite for the course (if any)			
Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):	After completing this course, the learner will be able to: 1. Distinguish the growing of vegetables according to season and climate 2. Understand and explain the special intercultural operations done in vegetable crops 3. Study of morphology and taxonomy of different vegetable crops 4. Identify the diseases and pests of vegetable crops and their management 5*. Grow and produce various types of vegetables and understanding of package and practices of vegetable crops.		
Credits	Theory	Practical	Total
	2	1	3
Contact Hours	2	2	4
	THEORY		
Max. Marks: 50 Internal Assessment Marks: 15 End Term Exam Marks: 35 Time: 3 Hours			
	PRACTICAL		
Max. Marks: 25 Internal Assessment Marks: 05 End Term Exam Marks: 20		Time: 4 Hours	

- 1. Nine questions will be set in all. All questions will carry equal marks.
- 2. Question No. 1 will be short answer type covering the entire syllabus and will be compulsory. The remaining eight questions will be set unit wise selecting two questions from each unit. The candidate will be required to attempt question No. 1 and four more questions selecting one question from each unit.

Unit	Topics	Contact Hours
I	Importance of vegetable cultivation in India and Haryana. Export and import potential of vegetables in India. Constraints in vegetable production and remedies to overcome them.	7

II	Importance, morphology and taxonomy, varieties, climate and soil, seeds and sowing, manuring, irrigation, intercultural operations, diseases and their control, harvesting and yield of following crops: Cultivation of (a) Brinjal (b) Tomato (c) coriander (d) Spinach.	7
III	Importance, morphology and taxonomy, varieties, climate and soil, seeds and sowing, manuring, irrigation, intercultural operations, diseases and their control, harvesting and yield of following crops: Cultivation of (a) Carrot (b) Beet root.	8
IV	Importance, morphology and taxonomy, varieties, climate and soil, seeds and sowing, manuring, irrigation, intercultural operations, diseases and their control, harvesting and yield of following crops: Cultivation of (a) mung bean and (b) chick pea.	8
V*	 Demonstration of seed germination test for a vegetable seed. Demonstration of seed viability test. Identification of vegetable seeds and vegetable crops at different growth stages. Preparing vegetable nursery beds. Raising vegetable seedlings in nursery bed and portrays. Identification of major diseases and insect pests of vegetables. Land preparation for sowing/ transplanting of vegetable crops. Sowing/ transplanting of vegetables in main field. Fertilizer application for vegetable growing. Irrigation practices in a vegetable crop field. A report on vegetable crops in a locality. Collection and preparation of herbarium of vegetable crops in their locality. 	30

Internal Assessment:	End Term
≻Theory	Examination
• Achillai/Dieschiahon/assigninchi/Oniz/Class lest cic U)	Theory: 35 Practical: 20
≻Practical	
Class Participation : NA	
• Seminar/Demonstration/Viva-voce/Lab records etc. : 05	
Mid-Term Exam : NA	

Part C-Learning Resources

- Bose T K et al. (2003) Vegetable crops, Naya Udhyog Publishers, Kolkata.
- Singh D K (2007) Modern vegetable varieties and production, IBN Publisher Technologies, International Book Distributing Co, Lucknow.
- Premnath, Sundari Velayudhan and D P Sing (1987) Vegetables for the tropical

- region, ICAR, New Delhi.
- Chauhan Shohaib Sheikh Ayub (2021) A textbook of Olericulture. New Visual publication

Session: 2024-25			
Part A -	Introduction		
Subject	BOTANY		
Semester	3 rd		
Name of the Course	Biofertilizers		
Course Code	B23-SEC-307		
Course Type: (CC/MCC/MDC/CC- M/DSEC/VOC/DSE/PC/AEC/VAC)	SEC-3		
Level of the course (As per Annexure-I	100-199		
Pre-requisite for the course (if any)			
Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):	After completing this course, the learner will be able to: 1. Perform various tests for seed germination, viability and vigour. 2. Make observations and record data on various growth stages of a given vegetable plant. 3. Identify the pathogens and suggest control measures for diseases of vegetable crops. 4. Practice suitable irrigation and fertigation methods for various horticulture crops. 5*. Isolate the microorganisms involved in biofertilizers and preparation of various types of composts		
Credits	Theory	Practi cal	Total
	2	1	3
Contact Hours	2	2	4

THEORY		
Max. Marks: 50 Internal Assessment Marks: 15 End Term Exam Marks: 35	Time: 3 Hours	
PRACTICAL		
Max. Marks: 25 Internal Assessment Marks: 05 End Term Exam Marks: 20	Time: 4 Hours	

- 1. Nine questions will be set in all. All questions will carry equal marks.
- 2. Question No. 1 will be short answer type covering the entire syllabus and will be compulsory. The remaining eight questions will be set unit wise selecting two questions from each unit. The candidate will be required to attempt question No. 1 and four more questions selecting one question from each unit.

Unit	Topics	Contact Hours
I	General account about the microbes used as biofertilizers:	7
	Rhizobium-isolation, identification, mass multiplication and carrier based inoculants, Actinorrhizal symbiosis.	
	Azospirillum: isolation and mass multiplication – carrier based inoculant, associative effect of different microorganisms.	
II	Azotobacter: classification, characteristics-crop response to Azotobacter inoculum, maintenance and mass multiplication.	7
	Cyanobacteria (blue green algae), <i>Azolla</i> and <i>Anabaena azollae</i> association, nitrogen fixation, factors affecting growth, blue green algae and <i>Azolla</i> in rice cultivation.	
III	Mycorrhizal association, types of mycorrhizal association, occurrence and distribution, nutrition, growth and yield – colonization of VAM – isolation and inoculums production of VAM, and its influence on growth and yield of crop plants.	8
IV	Organic farming: Green manuring and organic fertilizers. Recycling of biodegradable municipal, agricultural and Industrial wastes- bio-compost making methods. Vermicomposting – field application. Antagonistic bacteria and fungi- role in agriculture.	8

V*	4 7 1 2 6 1 1 1 1 6 27 6	20
V	1. Isolation of microbes used as biofertilizers from	30
	soil.	
	2. Study of	
	3. <i>Rhizobium</i> from root nodules of leguminous plants	
	by Gram staining method.	
	4. Test for pH, Cl and organic matter of different	
	composts.	
	5. Observation of mycorrhizae from roots.	
	6. Production of VAM by pot culture.	
	7. Methods of sterilization, media preparation and	
	inoculation of microbes.	
	8. Isolation of arbuscular mycorrhizal spores from	
	rhizospheric soil.	
	9. Spots, Specimen /photographs of earthworm,	
	Azolla, arbuscules vesicles.	
	10. Photographs of bio compost methods.	
	11. Projects on any topic mentioned in the syllabus,	
	with Rhizobium technology, AMF technology,	
	organic farming, vermicomposting, bio compost,	
	Azolla culture.	
	Suggested Evaluation Methods	

Internal Assessment:

≻Theory

• Class Participation : 05

• Seminar/presentation/assignment/quiz/class test etc.: 05

• Mid-Term Exam: 10

≻Practical

• Class Participation : NA

• Seminar/Demonstration/Viva-voce/Lab records etc.: 05

Mid-Term Exam : NA

End Term Examination

Theory: 35 Practical: 20

Part C-Learning Resources

- Dubey, R.C., 2005. A Textbook of Biotechnology S. Chand & Co, New Delhi.
- Kumaresan, V. 2005, Biotechnology, Saras Publications, New Delhi.
- John Jothi Prakash, E. 2004. Outlines of Plant Biotechnology. Emkay Publication, New Delhi.
- Sathe, T.V. 2004. Vermiculture and Organic Farming. Daya publishers.
- SubhaRao, N.S. 2000, Soil Microbiology, Oxford & IBH Publishers, New Delhi.
- Vayas, S.C, Vayas, S. and Modi, H.A. 1998 Bio-fertilizers and organic Farming Akta Prakashan, Nadiad.

Session: 2024-25						
Part A–Introduction						
Subject	BOTANY					
Semester	4 th					
Name of the Course	Basics of Medici	nal Plants				
Course Code	B23-VAC-408					
Course Type: (CC/MCC/MDC/CC-M/DSEC/VOC/DSE/PC/AEC/VAC)	VAC-4					
Level of the course (As per Annexure-I	100-199					
Pre-requisite for the course (if any)						
Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):	After studying this course, the students will be able tounderstand: 1. History and importance of medicinal plants at national and international level. 2. Different systems of medicine and methods to extract active compounds as well as preparation of herbal remedies. 3. Students will gain knowledge about important medicinal plants and their parts used for herbal therapy. 4. Students will get acquainted with state and national level boards to manage conservation and sustainable use of medicinal plants. 5. * Students will understand and get acquainted with practical aspects of collection, storage of medicinal plants, preparation of herbal remedies by different methods, grading and post-harvest handling of medicinal plants, essential oil extraction and microscopic evaluation of drug adulteration.					
Credits	Theory	Practical	Total			
	1	1	2			
ContactHours	1	2	3			
	THEORY					
Max. Marks: 30 Internal Assessment Marks: 10 End Term Exam Marks: 20		Time: 3 Hours				

	PRACTICAL	
Max. Marks: 20 Internal Assessment Marks: 05 End Term Exam Marks: 15		Time: 4 Hours

- 1. Nine questions will be set in all. All questions will carry equal marks.
- 2. Question No. 1 will be short answer type covering the entire syllabus and will be compulsory. The remaining eight questions will be set unit wise selecting two questions from each unit. The candidate will be required to attempt question No. 1 and four more questions selecting one question from each unit.

Unit	Topics	ContactHo urs
I	Medicinal plants: history, importance and prospects. Medicinal Plants – past and present status in world and India. Medicinal plants as industrial crops - constraints and remedial measures. Medicinal plant diversity & local healthcare.	4
II	Traditional system of medicine in India, Concept and principles of Ayurveda, Siddha, Unani and Homeopathy. Methods of extraction of active compounds: polar and non-polar extraction; extraction of essential oils; Types of herbal remedies: maceration, infusion, decoction, tinctures, compress, bathing, pills, ointments.	4
III	Important medicinal plants of India and their uses: Dioscorea, Nardostachysjatamansi, Allium, Saussureaobvallata, Swertia chirata, Oscimum, Azadirachta, Rawolfia, Phyllanthus, Vinca rosea, Justicia adhatoda, Terminalia arjuna, T. chebula, Tamarindus indica, Aloe vera, Withaniasomnifera.	4
IV	National Medicinal Plant Board and State Medicinal Plant Boards - objectives and functions. Other organizational initiatives for promotion of Medicinal plants at National and International levels. Herbal industries. Intellectual property rights (IPR)	3
V*	 Collection, drying and identification of commonmedicinalplants Preparation of herbal remedies: maceration, infusion decoction, tinctures. Preparation of herbal remedies: compress, bathing, pills ointments Harvesting, grading, and post-harvest handling of medicinal plants Microscopic evaluation of herbal drug adulteration To study methods for essential oil extraction 	,

Suggested Evaluation Methods Internal Assessment: Theory Class Participation: 04 Seminar/presentation/assignment/quiz/class test etc.: NA Mid-Term Exam: 06 Practical Class Participation: NA Seminar/Demonstration/Viva-voce/Lab records etc.: 05 Mid-Term Exam: NA

Part C-Learning Resources

- Medicinal Plants of Uttarakhand by C.P. Kala (2010).
- Indian Medicinal Plants by P.C. Trivedi (2009).
- Handbook of MAPs by S.K. Bhattacharjee (2009).
- Panda H., Handbook of Ayurvedic Medicines, National Institute of Industrial Research, Delhi 7
- CSIR-Cultivation and Utilization of Medicinal Plants.
- Chaturvedi A. 2008. Ethnobotany and Taxonomy of Angiosperms. Rashtrasant Tukadoji Maharaj Nagpur University Press. 1-295.
- Pandey B.P. 1978. Economic Botany. S. Chand and Company LTD. Ram Nagar, New Delhi. 1-534.
- Brahmvarchas, Ayurvedka Pran: Vanoshadhivigyan, Vedmata Gayatri Trust, Shaktikunj Haridwar 2004
- Chaudhry R.D., Herbal Drug Industry, Eastern Publication
- Raphael Ikan, Natural Products: A Lab Guide, Academic Press, 1991, 2nd edition
- Dutt Ashwin, An Introduction to Medicinal Plants, Adhyayan Publishers, and distributers, 2009, 1st edition